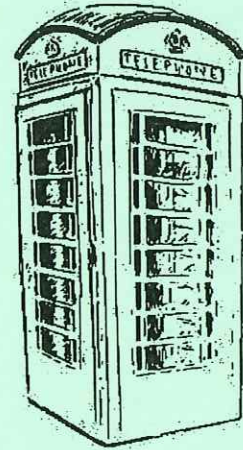
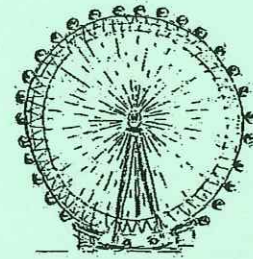
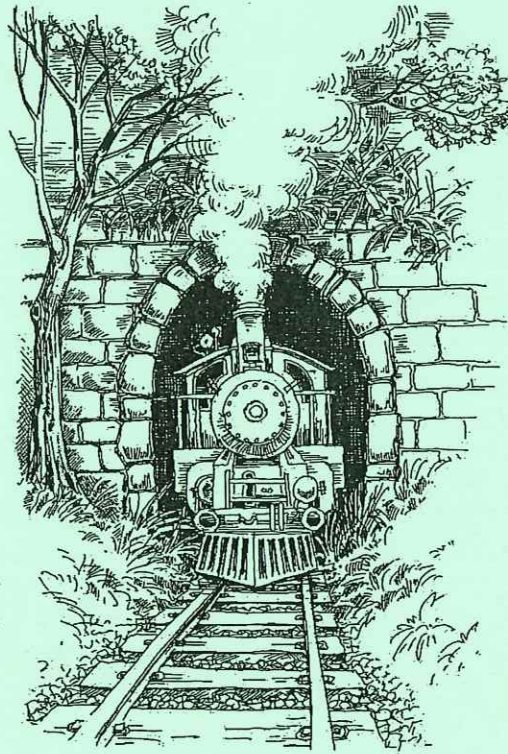
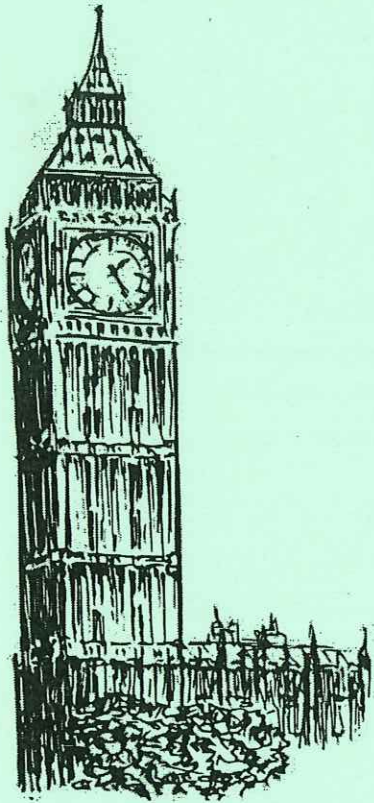


# Grade 12

1<sup>st</sup>  
term

## اللغة الإنجليزية

الصف الثاني عشر ( علمي - أدبي )



### الفصل الدراسي الأول

العام الدراسي 2021 - 2022



مذكرات أبو محمد الأصلية  
مبسطة - سهلة - شاملة  
مع نماذج اختبارات مهولة  
ت / 51093167

واتساب	انستقرام	تليقرام

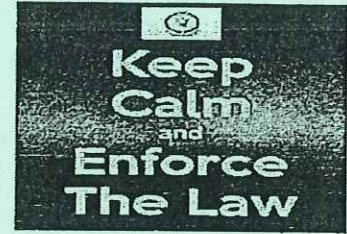
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Telegram :  
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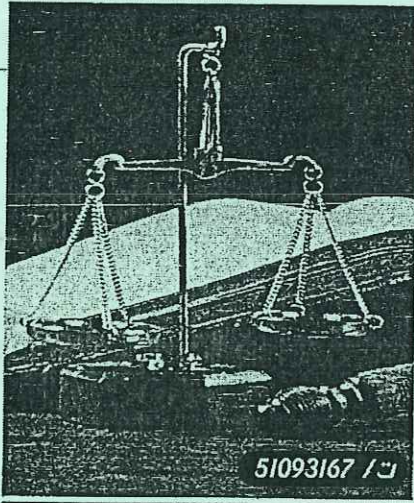
⊗ احذروا التقليد ⊗

# Grade 12

## Module One : World Issues



### Unit one: The Law



What is the importance of laws?

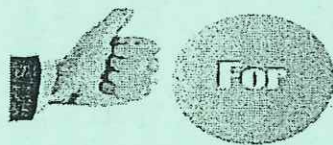
- They protect people's rights.
- They ensure a safe society.
- They help in preventing chaos.
- They save minorities from abuse.
- They help us live in peace.

What are the main purposes of sending criminals to prison?

- |                        |                           |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| To protect the society | To rehabilitate criminals |
| To punish criminals    | To reduce crime rate      |

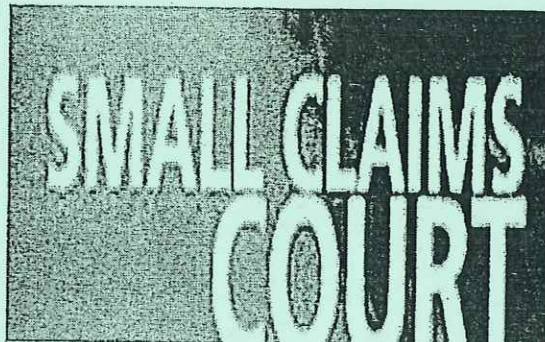


Some people are for solving minor issues in courts while others are against. Discuss both viewpoints.



The increase of such cases

- shows that our courts are working properly
- ensures that everyone has equal rights



The increase of such cases

- clogs up the courts
- prevents prosecutions against real criminals

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## Unit one: The Law

### Vocabulary:

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	Adoption	التبني	26	Bench	مقعد في البرلمان لحزب
2	Civil	مدنى	27	Brief	ملخص/موجز
3	Code of law	الدستور	28	Brief	قصير المدى
4	Consultation	التشاور	29	Case	قضية
5	Define	يحدد/يعرف	30	Defense	الدفاع
6	Enforce	يطبق/ينفذ	31	Note	يلاحظ/يدون
7	Govern	يحكم	32	Note	طبقة موسيقية
8	Guilty	مذنب	33	Note	عملة ورقية
9	Impose	يفرض	34	Row	صف
10	Innocent	غير مذنب/برئ	35	Row	يجلف
11	Judiciary	القضاء	36	Spring	فصل الربيع
12	Jury	هيئة المحلفين	37	Spring	يقفز/زنبك
13	Legal	قانوني	38	Handcuffs	قيود/أغلال
14	Penalty	عقوبة	39	Prosecute	يرفع دعوى ضد
15	Persuasion	اعتقاد ديني/قناعة	40	Claim	يدعى
16	Principle	مبدأ	41	Clog up	يمنع/يسد/يعرقل عمل
17	Property	ملكية خاصة	42	Contend	يناقش/يجادل
18	Prove	يثبت	43	Grievance	مظلمة/شكوى
19	Tolerant	متسامح	44	In favour of	مؤيد
20	Violence	العنف	45	Intend	ينوى
21	Break into	يقتحم	46	Litigation	التقاضي
22	Regardless	بغض النظر	47	Petty	تافه
23	Residential area	منطقة سكنية	48	Sue	يقاضى
24	Speed limit	الحد المسموح به للسرعة	49	Supporter	مؤيد/مساند
25	Bench	مقعد القاضي/مقعد خشبي	50	Ultimately	أخيرا

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A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences

- 1- Students are..... to wear the school uniform daily at school .  
a- proved                                  b- enforced                                  c- contended                                  d- clogged up
- 2- He was sent to prison for 3 years because he was .....of shoplifting .  
a- innocent                                  b- civil                                  c- legal                                  d- guilty
- 3- They ..... that they had visited London although they never left Kuwait .  
a- intended                                  b- imposed                                  c- claimed                                  d- sued

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- 4- Students should not .....their minds with useless information in the exam periods.  
a- govern                                      b- enforce                                      c- sue                                      d- clog up
- 5- Our organization works on the .....all workers have the same rights  
a- famine                                      b- property                                      c- welfare                                      d-principle
- 6- The manager of this company always takes important decisions after ..... with his staff.  
a. violence                                      b. consultation                                      c. litigation                                      d. grievance
- 7 - If you have an evidence, you can easily... .....your innocence.  
a-prove                                      b- enforce                                      c-govern                                      d- define
- 8- The jury has to decide whether the suspect is .....or innocent.  
a- tolerant                                      b-guilty                                      c-invisible                                      d-legal
- 9- The world is concerned about the children's ..... in the refugee camps.  
a- persuasion                                      b- penalty                                      c- welfare                                      d- consultation
- 10- The Kuwaiti .....is derived from the teachings of Islam and the local conventions.  
a-supporter                                      b- residential area                                      c- speed limit                                      d- code of law
- 11- The operation lasted for 3 hours. ...., the patient lost his life.  
a- In favour of                                      b- Petty                                      c- Ultimately                                      d- Regardless
12. The lawyer ..... that his client had never been near the scene of the crime.  
a- defined                                      b- enforced                                      c- contended                                      d- governed
13. Islam urges its followers to be ..... with other faiths and creeds.  
a- tolerant                                      b- innocent                                      c- brief                                      d- worthless
14. Through a telescope we could see millions of stars that were ....  
a- innocent                                      b- invisible                                      c- tolerant                                      d- worthless
15. The store's owner promised not to..... the boy if he returned the stolen goods.  
a- break into                                      b- prosecute                                      c- contend                                      d- govern

**B-Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:**

**clogged – principles– ultimately – broke – fake – invisible**

1. Yesterday's morning some robbers ..... into the central bank using guns .
2. He could deceive others with his ..... tricks .
3. We should call for achieving the .....of human rights .
4. The drain is.....up with the leaves of the trees .
5. Everything will .....depend on what has been decided in the meeting .

**regardless – imposed – violence – persuasions – civil – note**

6. She could ..... something wrong in the article about prices .
7. This job is open to all, ..... of previous experience .
8. Martial law and curfew are always ..... in times of war .
9. Most Christians prefer ..... marriage to that of the church .
10. We need a society which welcomes people of all religious .....

**Answers:[ Vocabulary]**

<b>A</b>	1- b	2- d	3- c	4- d	5- d	6- b
	7- a	8- b	9- c	10- d	11- c	12- c
	13- a	14- b	15- b			
<b>B</b>	1- broke	2- invisible	3- principles	4- clogged	5- ultimately	
	6 -note	7- regardless	8- imposed	9- civil	10 -persuasions	

## Present perfect continuous

## Present perfect simple

I've been cooking dinner.  
It will be ready soon.



I've cooked dinner.  
It's ready now.

Vicky has been running  
today. Now she's really tired!



Vicky has just run a race.  
Now she's receiving a medal.

I've been eating too  
much cake. I must eat less!



I've eaten all the cake.  
The plate is empty.

We've been looking at  
houses. We want to move.



We've bought a new house.  
We're moving in June.

## Present Perfect simple Tense :

## الزمن المضارع التام البسيط :

## Form :

شكل الفعل :

1	2	3
I, we, they, you	Have	التصريف الثالث V.3
He, She, It	Has	

الاستخدام :

- يستخدم للتعبير عن إنجازات.
- يستخدم للتعبير عن خبرات حياتية.
- يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث انتهى توا / حالا.
- يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث بدأ في الماضي واستمر لفترة وانتهى، ولكن آثاره باقية.

الكلمات الدالة على الزمن :

ذات مرة	ever	توا / حالا	Just	لمدة	For	بالفعل	Already
أبدا	never	حديثا / مؤخرا	Recently	منذ	Since	حتى الآن / بعد	Yet

## أمثلة: Examples:

- I have already finished my homework.
- She has traveled abroad for 3 years.
- We haven't seen him yet.

Never تاتي في الجملة المثبتة وتعطي معنى النفي  $\Rightarrow$  I have never met famous people.

Ever تاتي في السؤال  $\Rightarrow$  Has he ever fixed his car himself?

Yet تاتي في السؤال أو في نهاية الجملة المنفية  $\Rightarrow$  He hasn't written the letter yet.

واتساب	انستقرام	تليقرام



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## Present Perfect continuous: الزمن المضارع التام المستمر

Form :

شكل الفعل

1	2	3	4
I, we, they, you	Have	Been	التصريف الثالث V.3
He, She, It	Has		

الاستخدام: يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث بدأ في الماضي ولا يزال مستمرا للحاضر

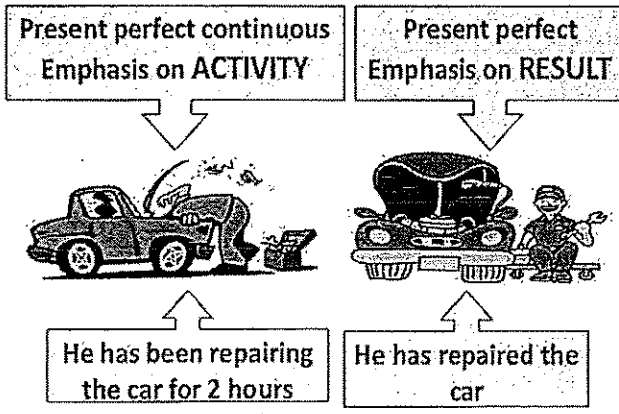
الكلمات الدالة على الزمن: منذ : since / لمدة : for / طوال : all / لحد الآن : till now

### أمثلة: Examples:

- They have been studying since 7 o'clock .
- It has been raining all night
- Scientists have been working on this project for ages

For : مدة - ويأتي بعدها المدة الزمنية كاملة ومنتهية	Since: منذ - ويأتي بعدها بداية المدة الزمنية يأتي بعدها : تاريخ / ساعة // ماضي بسيط / يوم / شهر
- I have lived here for 10 years.	- I have lived here since 2001
- We've been planning for a clean-up operation for 2 weeks	- Dana has been playing tennis since she was twelve years old
- We haven't seen him for a month.	- We haven't seen him since May.
- Ali hasn't visited his uncle for two years.	- He hasn't ridden his bike since he was a child.

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### الفرق بين (Since – for)

Since + بداية حدوث الفعل	For + المدة التي يستغرقها الفعل
3 o'clock	3 hours
Saturday, Sunday, ...	2 days
April, August, .....	7 months
2010, 1990, ...	5 years
last week	3 weeks
I left school	a long time
تستخدم مع زمن المضارع التام والمضارع التام المستمر والماضي التام	تستخدم مع جميع الأزمنة

A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences

1. She..... for the bus for half an hour.  
a) waited      b) waits      c) is waiting      d) has been waiting
2. He has been sitting at his desk ..... six o'clock.  
a) for      b) just      c) yet      d) since
3. The world economic crisis ..... everything in the USA for ten years,  
a. has affected      b. have affected      c. affected      d. affecting
4. Its my first time to visit Japan. I have ..... visited it before.'  
a) already      b) never      c) ever      d) just
5. 'Why is your hair wet?' - 'Because I..... all the morning.'  
a) has been swimming      b) swim      c) had swum      d) have been swimming

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6. Have you ..... eaten Chinese food?  
a) already                      b) ever                      c) yet                      d) never
7. I really haven't had much free time ..... school started.  
a. ago                      b. for                      c. since                      d. before
8. I ..... Ali since we were at high school.  
a. have ever seen      b. see                      c. never have seen      d. haven't seen
9. Mobile phones ..... a necessity for everyone recently.  
a. has become              b. have becoming              c. have become              d. became

**B-Correct the verbs between brackets :**

- The Bird's immigration season (just start)....., so unfamiliar birds hover all over Kuwait City nowadays
- What a boring film! It's the worst film I (see) .....
- You (sit).....in front of the TV since early morning. Try doing something useful.
- Everything is going fine. We (not have)..... any problems so far.
- I am so exhausted because I (study).....for three hours.
- He (spill) .....the milk. He should clean it up.
- The manager (just interview).....ten applicants
- The police (interview)..... people all week.
- You are out of breath. I think you (run).....
- How long you (learn)..... English?

**Answers: [ Grammar ]**

A	1- d	2- d	3- a	4- b	5- d	6- b	7- c	8- d	9- c	
B	1- has just started					6-has spilled				
	2-I have ever seen					7-has just interviewed				
	3- have been sitting					8-has been interviewing				
	4-haven't had					9-have been running				
	5- I have been studying					10-have you been learning				

**Comparative and Contrastive connectors روابط التعارض والتناقض**

الكلمة	معناها	بعدها
1-Instead of	• بدلا من	• ing Noun / V+ / فعل +
2-In comparison with	• مقارنة ب	• اسم
3-On the other hand	• من ناحية أخرى	• جملة
4-But / whereas / while	• لكن / بينما	• جملة
5-Inspite of /despite	• رغم / بالرغم من	• ing Noun / V+ / فعل +
6-Although / though / even though + (Subject + verb)	• رغم	

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**Examples:** أمثلة

**Instead of:**

- *There is no tea . Would you like a cup of coffee instead?*
- *Instead of doing his homework , they decided to watch a football match.*

**In comparison with:**

- *In comparison with telephone or postal services, computer-based communication is extremely fast.*

**On the other hand**

- *Life in the city is interesting. On the other hand, it's noisy and stressful.*

**Whereas:**

- *I like living in the city, whereas my sister likes living in the countryside.*

- |  |
|--|
| • <i><u>Although</u> she is rich, she doesn't help the poor.</i>     |
| • <i>She is rich, <u>but</u> she doesn't help the poor.</i>          |
| • <i>She is rich, <u>yet</u> she doesn't help the poor.</i>          |
| • <i>She is rich, <u>nevertheless</u> she doesn't help the poor.</i> |
| • <i>She is rich; <u>however</u>, she doesn't help the poor.</i>     |
| • <i><u>In spite of</u> her richness, she doesn't help the poor.</i> |
| • <i><u>In spite of</u> being rich, she doesn't help the poor.</i>   |

**A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences**

- My parents have decided to stay in Kuwait this summer .....travelling abroad.  
a. instead of      b. in comparison with      c. on the other hand      d. whereas
- .....the other applicants , my brother has the highest qualifications .  
a) Instead of      b) Whereas      c) In comparison with      d) Although
- The doctor diagnoses the disease ..... the surgeon does operations .  
a) instead of      b) whereas      c) in comparison with      d) in addition to
- You should do something about this pain ..... taking pain killers .  
a) Whereas      b) on the other hand      c) in comparison with      d) ) instead of

**B- Do as shown between brackets :**

- She was a good swimmer. She didn't survive for one hour in the rough sea.  
(Join using: in spite of)  
.....
- We can resort to selling some of our shares ..... borrowing money from the bank.  
(complete with a suitable connector )  
.....

A	1. a	2-b	3-b	4- D
B	1- In spite of being a swimmer, she didn't survive for one hour in the rough sea.			
	2-Instead of			



1- What do you think is the basic principle of most systems of law ?

في رأيك ، ما هي القاعدة الرئيسية لعظم أنظمة القانون ؟

-A person is innocent until proven guilty

الشخص بريء إلى أن تثبت إدانته

2- In your opinion, how would the society be like without laws ?

في رأيك ، كيف يمكن أن يكون المجتمع بدون قانون ؟

- What would happen if you lived in a country with no laws?

ما الذي يمكن أن يحدث إذا عشت في دولة بال قانون

- People would behave badly

سيتصرف الناس بشكل سيء

- there would be chaos

سيكون هناك فوضى

3- Why are laws important in a society? / Why is it necessary for any society to have a code of law?

- They protect the society

تحمي المجتمع

- We can stop crimes

نستطيع أن نوقف الجرائم

-They ensure a safe and just society - تضمن حياة آمنة وعادلة للمجتمع-



4- How do Islamic values influence the system of laws in Kuwait ?

كيف تؤثر القيم الإسلامية على نظام القوانين في الكويت ؟

-The law is drawn from Islam teachings

القانون مأخوذ من تعاليم الإسلام -

- It ensures a safe and just society

تضمن مجتمع آمن وعادل-

5- How do the increase of court cases have a negative effect on the legal system ?

كيف أثرت زيادة قضايا المحاكم سلبيا على النظام القانوني ؟-

-What are the main arguments raised against the increase in court cases?

- They're costly and loss of time

مكلفه ومضيعة للوقت

- They clog up the courts

تعطيل عمل المحاكم

6- Some people are in favour of ( supporters of / for) petty grievances . Why?

بعض الناس مؤيدي للقضايا التافهة ، لماذا ؟

- it's to show the courts are working

حتى تظهر أن المحاكم تعمل

-it's a feature of a good society

هذه سمة المجتمع الجيد

7- Are you for or against the spread of the culture of blame in our society? Justify.

هل أنت مع أم ضد انتشار ثقافة اللوم في المجتمع ؟ اشرح

- I'm against / - Everyone should be responsible for their own mistakes.

أنا ضد .. كل شخص يجب أن يكون مسئول عن أخطائه

واتساب	انستقرام	تليقرام



١- هل تعتقد أن وجود القانون شيء ضروري في حياتنا؟

بالطبع فإن وجود القانون يضمن لنا حماية حقوق الأفراد كما أنه يحمي المجتمع من الفوضى وعدم النظام

٢- لكي تكون القوانين مؤثرة يجب أن يكون هناك عقوبات فهل تتفق معهم؟

نعم اتفق معهم فمن يرتكب جريمة القتل أو السرقة على سبيل المثال لأبد وأن يرسل إلى السجن على الفور كما أنه من يضر بممتلكات الآخرين لأبد وأن يدفع غرامة حتى نحقق العدل والأمن.

٣- لماذا تعد جرائم الكمبيوتر أكثر تعقيدا عن غيرها من الجرائم؟

ذلك لأن المجرم الإلكتروني يكون غير مرئيا كما أن أفعاله يستحيل إثباتها

٤- علي : للقوانين أهمية كبيرة في حياة الناس والمجتمعات.

1. Do you think that the existence of the law is necessary in our lives?

- Of course, the existence of the law guarantees the protection of the rights of individuals and protects society from chaos and disorder

2. Some people say that in order for the laws to be effective, there must be penalties . Do you agree with them?

- Yes, I agree with them. Those who commit murder or theft, for example, should be sent to prison immediately, and those who damage the property of others must pay a fine to achieve justice, security.

3. • Why are computer crimes more complex than other crimes?

- This is because the techno- criminal is invisible and his actions are impossible to prove

4. Ali: Laws are of great importance in the lives of people and communities.

Khalid: You're right. They are made to protect the individual rights and to ensure a safe and just society.

البحر العربي

واتساب	انستقرام	تليفون



How to write an expository essay كيفية كتابة تعبير توضيحي

**Topic :**

*In many countries, the amount of crime is increasing. What are the main causes of crime? How can we deal with this dangerous phenomenon?*

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the reasons behind this phenomenon and suggest some solutions to deal with this problem.

**Outline:**

**I- Introduction:**

Many nations are witnessing a drastic rise in crime rates. I think this is attributable to multiple reasons such as lack of education, unemployment, and an inefficient judicial system.

**Body:**

**Paragraph 1: Causes**

- Lack of basic education : illiteracy
- Unemployment.
- Inefficient judicial system

**Paragraph 2: Solutions:**

- Compulsory education
- Increasing jobs
- Introducing some compensation for unemployed people
- Imposing severe penalties on violating laws

**Conclusion:**

To conclude, there is a urgent need for the governments to focus on addressing illiteracy and unemployment problems, which attribute to the rise of crime rates. At the same time it demands for strengthening the judicial system so people fear the consequences of committing a crime.



واتساب	انستقرام	تليقرام



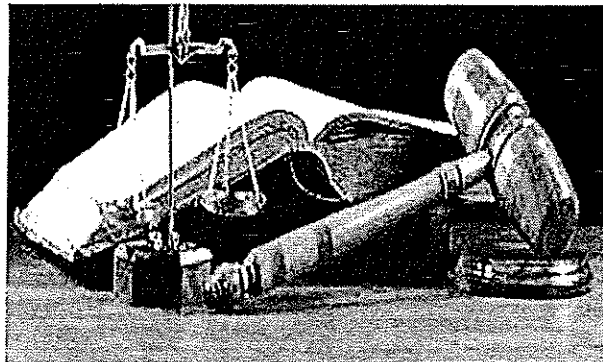
### A sample essay :

Many nations are witnessing a drastic rise in crime rates. I think this is attributable to multiple reasons such as lack of education, unemployment, and an inefficient judicial system.

Lack of basic education is one of the primary causes for increasing crimes. In fact, in many underdeveloped countries a vast majority of population is illiterate. This has a detrimental impact on the society as a whole because people turn to crime without any thought, they cannot comprehend what's right and wrong. Furthermore, the other main cause of the increase in crime rates is unemployment. When people cannot find work, they have all the free time in the world. They think of crime as an alternative to obtaining and possessing what they need without any hard work. In addition, an inefficient judicial system is equally to be blamed. Failing to punish the criminals in time is yet another reason why people are not afraid of committing crime.

To tackle this problem, certain measures should be taken by the authorities. First, education should be made available to everyone without any fees and government should take serious measures to make this compulsory for everybody. Second, authorities should focus on increasing jobs and also introducing some compensation for unemployed people. Third, if governments impose severe penalties on violating laws, crime rates will definitely see a rapid fall.

To conclude, there is an urgent need for the governments to focus on addressing illiteracy and unemployment problems, which contribute to the rise of crime rates. At the same time, there is an urgent demand for strengthening the judicial system so people fear the consequences of committing a crime.

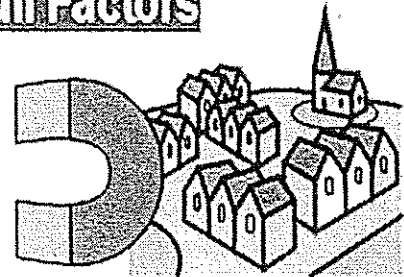
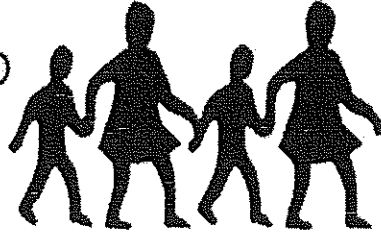
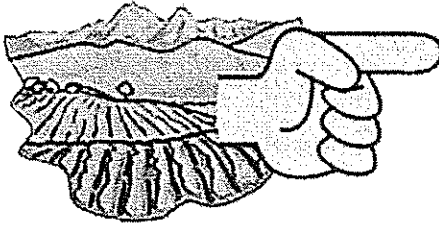


Module One : World issues

الهجرة Unit Two: Migration

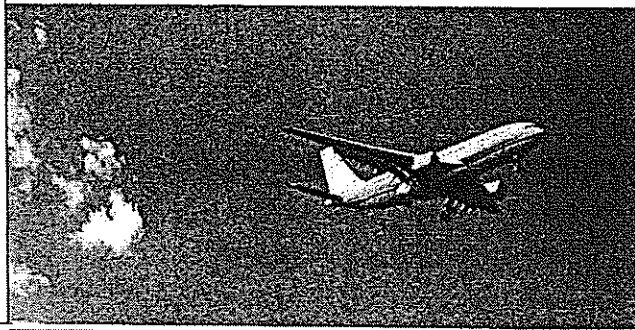
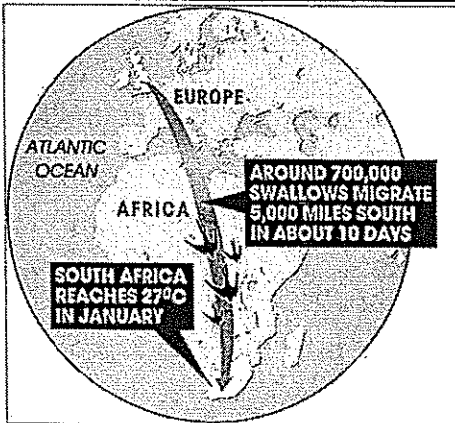
Push Factors

Pull Factors



- few services
- lack of job opportunities
- unhappy life
- poor transport links
- natural disasters
- wars
- shortage of food

- access to services
- better job opportunities
- more entertainment facilities
- better transport links
- improved living conditions
- hope for a better way of life
- family links



What are the advantages of migration?

- Getting better jobs
- Making new friends
- Learning new languages
- Learning new customs
- Identifying new cultures
- Having better life conditions
- Improving the economy of the host country

What are the disadvantages of migration?

- Feeling homesick
- Losing identity
- Overpopulation in the host country
- Suffering from cultural differences
- Feeling lonely
- Living away from family and friends

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## Unit Two: Migration

### Vocabulary:

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	Afford	يعطى/يمنح	17	Migrant	مهاجر
2	Boom	ازدهار اقتصادي	18	Obliterate	يهدم
3	decimate	يحطم/يهدم	19	Perturbed	قلق/منزعج
4	deteriorate	يتدهور	20	Resort	منتجع
5	emigrate	يهاجر	21	Rift	شق/صدع
6	Famine	مجاعة	22	Animated	نشيط/حيوي
7	Foreign	اجنبي	23	Arduous	مجهد/شاق
8	hard-pressed	تحت ظروف صعبة	24	engage in	ينخرط في
9	high-tech	ذو تقنية عالية	25	Major	رئيسي
10	necessitate	يحتّم/يتطلب	26	Minor	غير هام
11	Seek	يبحث	27	Nervously	بعصبية
12	unfortunately	لسوء الحظ	28	Rent	يستأجر
13	disgruntled	سخط - مستاء	29	Reside	يقيم/يسكن
14	Displace	يرحل شخص من مكانة	30	Strenuous	متعب/شاق
15	Mass	على نطاق واسع	31	take a breather	ياخذ استراحة
16	Meticulous	دقيق			

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**A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences**

1. The new laws will ..... social and economic protection to the immigrants.  
a- obliterate                      b- displace                      c- afford                      d- reside
2. Most villagers ..... to towns to find better life there .  
a- deteriorate                      b- emigrate                      c- decimate                      d- necessitate
3. There is a severe ..... in many parts of Africa due to the draught .  
a- famine                      b- boom                      c- resort                      d- migrant
4. English is taught in Kuwait as a .....language .  
a- periodic                      b- strenuous                      c- foreign                      d- meticulous
5. An applicant for a job must not be ..... before the interview with the manager. He must be calm and self-confident.  
a. apparent                      b. invisible                      c. perturbed                      d. innocent
6. There has been a .....in property sales this year.  
a. famine                      b. mass                      c. boom                      d. rift
7. The building of a new dam will.....thousands of people who live in this area.  
a. obliterate                      b. displace                      c. decimate                      d. emigrate
8. ...., so many people are still careless about the sufferings of the poor, the homeless and the sick in this world.  
a. Ultimately                      b. Unfortunately                      c. Compassionately                      d. Nervously

9. The team are ..... at the way the coach is treating them. That is why they are not playing well this season.  
 a. perturbed      b. disgruntled      c. animated      d. meticulous
10. During the last military exercise, our group could totally ..... the enemy's vehicles.  
 a. obliterate      b. sue      c. define      d. impose
11. Such a marvelous piece of jewellery must be the work of a/an ..... craftsman.  
 a. deteriorated      b. meticulous      c. decimated      d. displaced
12. The ministry of Foreign Affairs has prepared a booklet for the Kuwaiti citizens who ..... abroad.  
 a. alleviate      b. enforce      c. reside      d. impose
13. You should avoid ..... exercise for at least two months. ....  
 a. strenuous      b. animated      c. minor      d. meticulous
14. If you can't attend the meeting I can go .....  
 a. periodic      b. instead      c. plenty of      d. strenuous
15. I think salaries and wages should be subject to ..... review.  
 a. periodic      b. strenuous      c. animated      d. perturbed

**B-Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:**

**hard-pressed / decimate / high-tech / deteriorated / famine / boom**

1. Fires ..... large areas of forests every year around the world.
2. The hospital uses ..... equipment to identify and eliminate viruses.
3. The great stock market ..... ended and many people lost all their savings.
4. Another crop failure could result in widespread .....
5. She was taken into hospital last week when her condition suddenly .....

**mass / engaged in / seek / meticulous / minor / plenty of**

6. He says that the two professors have become ..... an increasingly bad-tempered debate on the nature of light.
7. The dentist cleaned and disinfected his tools with ..... care.
8. They found more civil war victims in ..... graves around the city.
9. At summer schools you will have ..... opportunities to improve your language skills.
10. There will always be immigrants who leave their homelands and ..... peace and better living conditions in other countries

**Answers: / Vocabulary /** إجابة أسئلة الكلمات

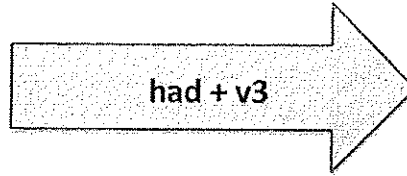
<b>A</b>	1- c	2- b	3- a	4- c	5- c	6- c
	7- b	8- b	9- b	10- a	11- d	12- c
	13- a	14- b	15- a			
<b>B</b>	1- decimate	2 -- high-tech	3- boom	4- famine	5- deteriorated	
	6- engaged in	7- meticulous	8- mass	9- plenty of	10 - seek	

Past Perfect Tense

الزمن الماضي التام:

Form

شكل الفعل:



الاستخدام: يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث وقع قبل حدث آخر، كلاهما في الماضي

الكلمات الدالة على الزمن:

بسبب	because	بمجرد أن	As soon as	عندما	when	بمجرد أن	No sooner
بعد	After	بالتاكيد	Hardly /scarcely	بمجرد أن	once	قبل	Before/ by the time

أمثلة: Examples:

After --- As soon as	} ماضي بسيط, ماضي تام
Before By the time	



1. We had closed the door before we left.
2. Before the discovery of oil, there had been few medical services.
3. The anthropologist had left the village when he collected enough data .
4. After the guests had left, I went to bed.
5. By the time man first appeared, dinosaurs had become extinct.

لاحظ: في حالة بدأ الجملة بالعبارات التالية يتم تقديم الفعل علي الفاعل (مثل صيغة السؤال)

No sooner + فاعل + فعل	than
Hardly + فاعل + فعل	when
Scarcely + فاعل + فعل	when

6. No sooner had she read the letter than she started crying.

FURTHER EXAMPLES

He had cooked dinner before Sally got back from work.



She had already read the play by the time she went to see it.



Even if the past simple action is first in the sentence, it still happened later.

The traffic was bad because a car had broken down on the road.



When we arrived at the stadium, the game had already started.





**A- From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences :**

- .....my father finished work, all the other employees had already left the company.  
a- Hardly                      b- Since                      c- No sooner                      d- By the time
- By the time we arrived at work, we discovered that somebody ..... into the office.  
a-break                      b. was broken                      c. had broken                      d. has broken
- No sooner ..... The letter than she started crying.  
a-she had read                      b. will she read                      c. had she read                      d. she will read
- Scarcely had my uncle arrived ..... he visited us.  
a. because                      b. after                      c. than                      d. when
- No sooner had Mona heard the news.....she fainted .  
a. than                      b. when                      c. after                      d. before
- By the time we reached the station, the bus.....  
a. moves                      b. has moved                      c. was moving                      d. had moved
- I had done my homework before ..... to school.  
a. moved                      b. has moved                      c. moving                      d. had moved
- After we .....there, we went to bed immediately .  
a. were                      b. has been                      c. have been                      d. had been
- .....Adel arrived at the station, his family had already left .  
a- As soon as                      b- Until                      c- By the time                      d- After

**Do as required between brackets:**

- We arrived at the concert. It started to rain. (Join using: by the time)  
.....
- Hamad passed his driving test. His father bought him a new car. (Join using : as soon as )  
.....
- I had finished my breakfast when the doorbell rang . ( begin with: Hardly)  
.....
- I replied to your e-mail immediately after I (receive).....it.
- Many species of creatures (vanish).....after they had suffered detrimental environmental conditions ( correct the verb)
- We reached the airport. Unfortunately the plane took off. (begin with: No sooner)  
.....

**Answers:] Grammar]**

A	1- d	2- c	3- c	5- d	6- A	7- d	7- c	8- d	9- c
B	1- By the time we arrived at the concert, it had started to rain.								
	2-As soon as Hamad his driving test, his father bought him a new car								
	3- Hardly had he finished his election speech, a strong applause by the audience followed								
	4- had received								
	5- vanished								
	6- No sooner had we reached the airport, the plane took off								

## أسئلة الكتاب - Unit 2 SETBOOK QUESTIONS

1- Many people all over the world leave their homes and migrate to live in a foreign (other) country. Explain (the reasons)

الكثير من الناس حول العالم يتركون بيوتهم ويهاجرون لدول أجنبية . اذكر الأسباب

- They can find a better life

- يبحثون عن حياة أفضل

- They can escape a disaster

- يهربون من كوارث

- They can earn more money

- يستطيعون كسب المال

- They can live a peaceful life

- يستطيعون أن يعيشوا حياة آمنة

2- What measures should be taken to solve the problem of migration and help people to stay in their home countries?

ما هي المعايير التي يجب أن يتم أخذها لحل مشكلة الهجرة و مساعدة الناس للبقاء في بيوتهم؟

- The government should offer good jobs

- يجب أن توفر الحكومة وظائف جيدة

- They should improve their life conditions

- يجب أن يحسنوا أحوالهم المعيشية

3- In your opinion, How has Kuwait provided a good home for the migrant skilled workers?

برأيك ، لماذا مثلت الكويت وطن جيد للعمال المهاجرين المهرة؟

- They can find a good work

- يستطيعون إيجاد عمل جيد

- They can live a better life

- يعيشون حياة أفضل

4- What terrible consequences (effects ) do civil wars / conflicts have on people?

ما هي النتائج السيئة للحروب الأهلية / الصراعات بين الناس؟

- They destroy homes and villages

- تدمر البيوت والقرى .

- They kill and injure many people

- تقتل الكثير من الناس

5- Migration (Moving to a foreign country) has many advantages and some disadvantages.

Explain.

- للهجرة مميزات و عيوب-

- Are you for or against migrating from one country to another? Justify your answers.

هل أنت مع أم ضد الهجرة من دولة لأخرى؟

- What are the problems a migrant faces in a foreign country?

ما هي المشاكل التي يواجهها المهاجر في الدولة الأجنبية؟

Advantages (for)

- They can find good jobs

- They can find a better life

- المميزات

- يستطيعون إيجاد وظائف جيدة

- يستطيعون إيجاد حياة أفضل

Disadvantages (against)

- They feel homesick

- They become a second hand citizen

- العيوب

- يشعرون بالحنين للوطن

- يصبحون مواطنون درجة ثانية -



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١. في رأيك لماذا يهاجر كثير من الناس إلى دول مختلفة؟  
اعتقد أن بعض الناس يهاجرون هرباً من الكوارث الطبيعية في حين أن آخرين يهاجرون لإيجاد فرص عمل أفضل

.....  
.....

٢. بالتأكيد هناك مزايا من الهجرة ولكن في نفس الوقت هناك أيضاً مساوئ، هل يمكننا مناقشتها؟  
نعم أعتقد أن الميزة الرئيسية من الهجرة هي تحسين مستوى المعيشة والتخلص من ظروف الحياة السيئة وفي ما يخص السلبيات يمكن أن نذكر تكديس السكان في الدول المهاجر إليها والإحساس بعدم الأمان

.....  
.....

٣. هل هناك أسباب متشابهة بين هجرة الحيوان والإنسان؟  
نعم إلى حد ما حيث يهاجر الحيوان لإيجاد الطعام والمأوى وتربية صغاره بينما يهاجر الإنسان لنفس الأسباب بالإضافة إلى رغبته في تحسين ظروف حياته

.....  
.....

1. In your opinion, why do many people migrate to different countries?

- I think some people migrate to escape natural disasters while others migrate to find better jobs.

2. Surely there are advantages to immigration but at the same time there are also disadvantages, can we discuss them?

- Yes, I think the main advantage of migration is improving the standard of living and getting rid of poor living conditions. As for the disadvantages we can mention the problem of overpopulation in the host countries and the sense of insecurity

3. Are there similar reasons for animal migration and human migration?

- Yes to some extent where the animal migrates to find food, shelter and raise its young while man migrates for the same reasons in addition to wanting to improve his living conditions

## تعبير Writing

### Topic:

*An increasing number of professionals, such as doctors and teachers, are leaving their own poorer countries to work in developed countries. What problems does this cause? What solutions can you suggest to deal with this situation?*

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the reasons behind this phenomenon and suggest some solutions to deal with this situation.

### Outline

#### I- Introduction:

Over the last decades, there has been an increase in the number of professionals leaving their country in search of a better life abroad. This outflow of skilled people from a particular country or region to another leads to many problems. In this essay, I will shed some light on these problems and suggest some solutions to deal with this situation.

#### Body:

##### Paragraph 1: Problems:

- *Shortage of manpower*
- *Loss of ideas for productivity and governance*
- *Negative impacts on the economy of the home country*

##### Paragraph 2: Solutions:

- *Providing more opportunities for talented professionals*
- *Providing incentives*
- *Providing better working conditions*

#### Conclusion:

To conclude, when professionals migrate to foreign countries they create an immense shortage of talent in their own country which affects the economy's growth. The only way the government can tackle the problem and help solve it for a better future is by creating more opportunities in their own country

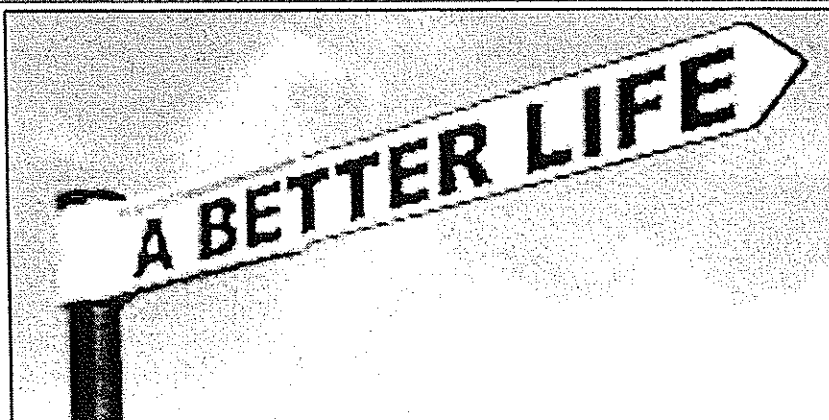
## A sample Essay

Over the last decades, there has been an increase in the number of professionals leaving their country in search of a better life abroad. This outflow of skilled people from a particular country or region to another leads to many problems. In this essay, I will shed some light on these problems and suggest some solutions to deal with this situation.

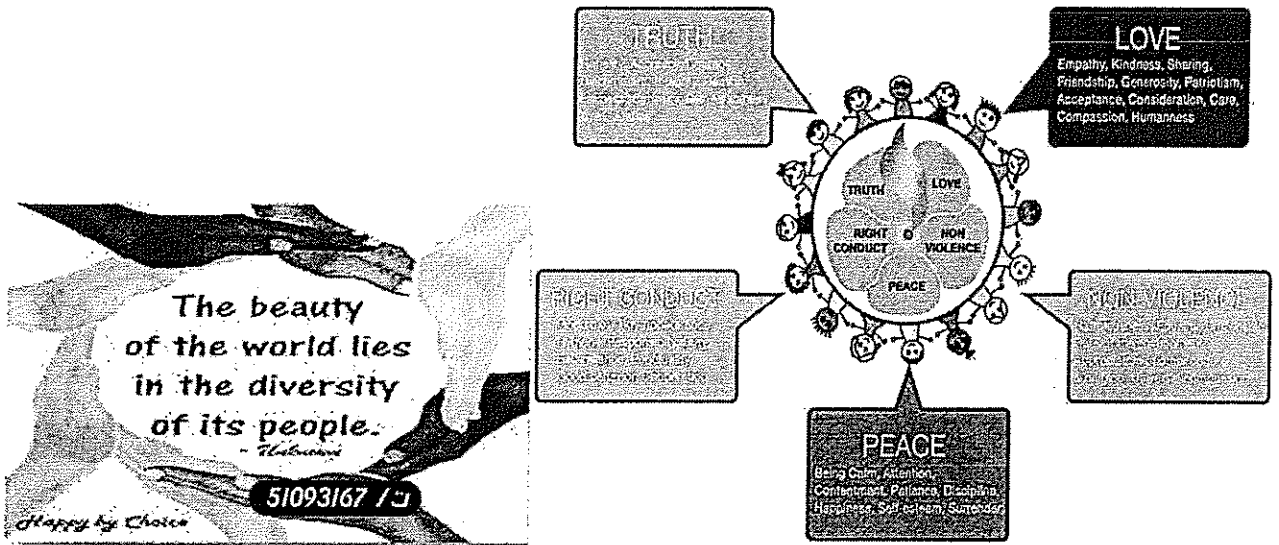
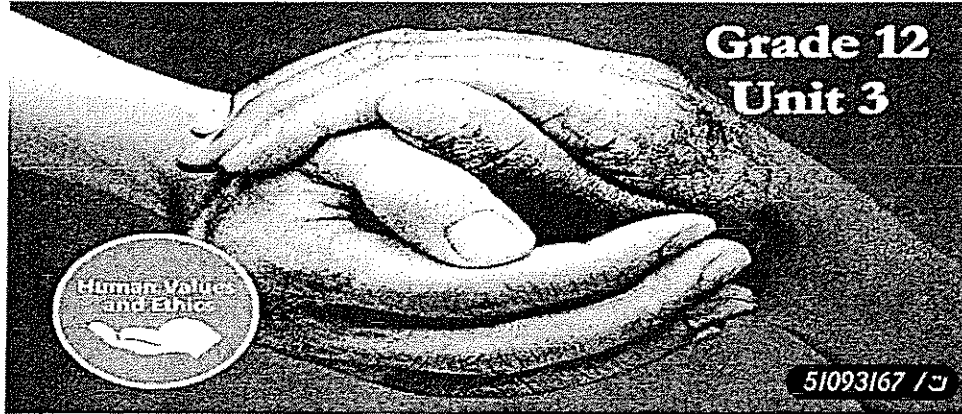
One of the biggest problems that the home countries face when talented professionals migrate is the shortage of skilled manpower in the critical sectors like education, health, science, technology, and business. In fact, the migration of experts from the poor country results in a brain drain. For instance, recent immigration report has shown that a large number of doctors from India are applying for citizenship in USA and Canada; thus, India is facing a huge deficiency of expert doctors. Besides, the loss of skilled and innovative people often means the loss of their ideas for productivity and governance and the benefits they would otherwise provide to their co-workers, students and fellow citizens.

There are a lot of solutions to overcome this migration problem. Providing more opportunities in their own country is the only way to dissuade professionals from leaving. Besides, the problem of brain drain can be solved by providing better working conditions and better living standard in the mother countries. In fact, providing high salary and suitable infrastructure can reduce the number of professional migrants. Also, governments can make it obligatory for its citizens to return after working abroad for a fixed number of years.

To conclude, when professionals migrate to foreign countries they create an immense shortage of talent in their own country which affects the economy's growth. The only way the government can tackle the problem and help solve it for a better future is by creating more opportunities in their own country.

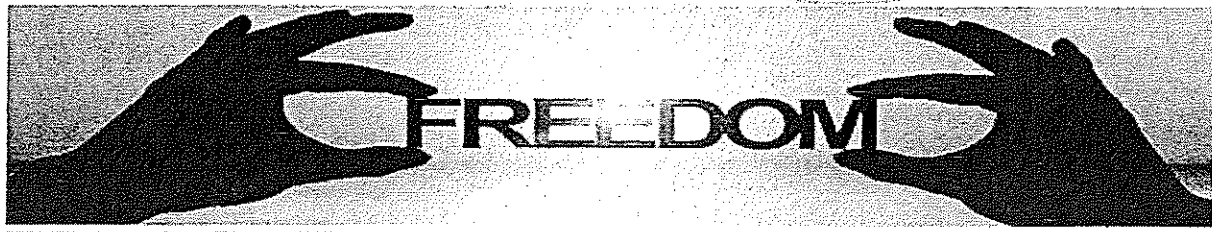


**Module One : World Issues**  
**Unit Three: Human Values**



**What is the importance of human values?**

- Help us keep peace on earth
- Help us avoid problems
- Ensure equal rights everywhere
- Help us reduce violence
- Help us understand each other



## Unit Three: Human Values

### Vocabulary:

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	Abuse	إساءة العاملة	22	Compassionately	بشفقة / برأفة / بتعاطف
2	Anthropologist	عالم علوم إنسانية	23	Cry over split milk	يلندم على ما فات
3	Apparent	واضح / جلي / مفهوم	24	Enfranchisement	منح حق التصويت لفئة ما
4	Attribute	صفة مميزة / ميزة	25	Extravagant	مفرط / مبذر / مسرف
5	Charitable	خير / متعلق بالإحسان	26	Frail	هش / قابل للكسر
6	Compassion	شفقة / رأفة / تعاطف	27	Over a barrel	في موقف لا يحسد عليه
7	Discrimination	تمييز / فصل	28	Over the hill	قديم
8	Diversity	تنوع / اختلاف	29	Over the top	يتخطى الحدود
9	Empathy	تعاطف و مشاركة وجدانية	30	Suffrage	حق التصويت
10	Ethnographer	مؤرخ الجماعات الإنسانية	31	Tide someone over	يساند / يدايم / يؤيد
11	Impulse	دافع / حافز / محف	32	Alleviate	يسكن / يخفف آثار محنة
12	Incapable	عاجز / غير قادر على	33	Appeal	مناشدة / يناشد
13	Inevitable	حتمي / ضروري / لا مفر منه	34	Avert	يتلافى / يتحاشى / يتجنب
14	Legislation	تشريع	35	Campaign	حملة
15	Liberty	حرية	36	Commitment	التزام
16	Minority	أقلية	37	Dire	عاجل / مهم / فوري
17	Overview	نظرة عامة	38	Donate	يتبرع / يهب / يمنح
18	Tolerance	تسامح	39	Extensive	ضخم / كبير جدا
19	Universal	عالمي	40	Humanitarian	إنساني
20	Value	قيمة	41	In leaps and bounds	بسرعة / بخفة / برشاقة
21	Aggressive	عدواني	42	Underprivileged	محروم من حاجات الحياة الأساسية

انتبه: عزيزي الطالب ( يرجى التدريب على حل المفردات أو الكلمات والقواعد وفي النهاية تجد الاجابة الصحيحة داخل الجدول )

بعض التعبيرات مع كلمة

over



**A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences :**

- She had all the ..... of a great leader: charisma, energy and discipline .  
a- attributes                      b- abuses                      c- campaigns                      d- legislations
- Kids who play violent games show more ..... behavior than those who don't.  
a) vulnerable                      b) frail                      c) extravagant                      d) aggressive
- Property ..... have fallen since airport designs were published .  
a) compassion                      b) diversity                      c) value                      d) empathy

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4. It has become increasingly ..... for everybody that they are losing the war.  
a. inevitable    b. apparent    c. incapable    d. universal
5. The doctor gave me an injection to ..... the pain .  
a) donate    b) avert    c) deploy    d) alleviate
6. The government announced a ..... against pollution on TV .  
a) discrimination    b) campaign    c) abuse    d) suffrage
7. That old woman is too ..... to walk by herself. She needs someone's help.  
a- extravagant    b- aggressive    c- oppressive    d- frail
8. No witnesses to the accident have come forward yet, despite the police's .....  
a. overview    b. appeal    c. abuse    d. impulse
9. I believe she is not ..... at all; she is still very energetic and looks young.  
a) over a barrel    b) over the hill    c) over the top    d) tide over
10. If I were a rich businessman, I'd ..... a lot of money to charity:  
a. alleviate    b. avert    c. donate    d. deploy
11. The country faced a lot of ..... during the crisis.  
a. hardships    b. ethnicities    c. campaigns    d. overviews
12. Children from a/an ..... family background are statistically more likely to become involved in crime.  
a. vulnerable    b. ethnic    c. voluntary    d. underprivileged
13. You shouldn't..... Start doing something to recover your loss.  
a. cry over split milk    b be over the hill    c. be aggressive    d. be extravagant
14. Saving is the most important principle of economy. Then we have to teach adults not to be.....  
a- voluntary    b- extravagant    c- frail    d- aggressive
15. Most women prefer to work nowadays. Only a ..... stay at home without work.  
a- minority    b- empathy    c- diversity    d- attribute

**B-Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:**

**averted - frail -apparent – attributes – commitment - abuses**

1. The general prosecutor is investigating several cases of alleged authority.....
2. The accident could have been ..... if the driver was careful
3. I believe she is not ..... at all; she is still very energetic and looks young.
4. The government yesterday reaffirmed its ..... to the current peace process.
5. She suddenly started to scream for no .....reason.

**donated –incapable – extensive- charitable- ethnicities – legislation**

6. I think the current .....to fight drugs is not deterrent enough.
7. Students at summer language schools are from different .....
8. She ..... a large sum of her money to cancer researches .
9. The actor's wedding received ..... coverage in the newspapers.
10. We were ..... of contacting others after we had lost the mobile phone.

**Answers:[ Vocabulary]**

<b>A</b>	1-c	2-d	3- c	4- b	5- d	6- b
	7- d	8- b	9- b	10- c	11-a	12 -d
	13- a	14- b	15- a			
<b>B</b>	1- abuses	2- averted	3- frail	4- commitment	5- apparent	
	6- legislation	7- ethnicities	8- donated –	9- extensive	10- incapable	



If sentences: conditional

حالات if الشرطية

<u>Type zero</u>	If + simple present = simple present	(Fact)
<u>Type one</u>	If + simple present = will + inf.	(True in the present or future)
<u>Type two</u>	If + simple past = would + inf.	(untrue in the present or future)
<u>Type Three</u>	If + had + P.P = Would + have + P.P	(untrue in the past)

1- General conditional

(Fact)

الحالة صفر أو الحالة العامة

تعبّر عن شيء يحدث بصورة دائمة أو طبيعية

If present simple مضارع بسيط , present simple مضارع بسيط

Present simple + if + present simple

FURTHER EXAMPLES

If you heat ice, it melts.



When you put a rock in water, it sinks.



The result clause can go to the beginning of the sentence. The comma is removed in this case.

If you drop an apple, it falls.



Oil floats when you pour it onto water.



2- First conditional (True in the present or future)

الحالة الأولى وهي تعبّر عن الاحتمالية

If + present simple, will + infinitive مصدر الفعل

will + infinitive + if + present simple

1. If you drop the glass, it will break. (something is likely to happen in the future (شئ محتمل الحدوث))
2. You'll be unhealthy if you don't eat well.

3- Second conditional

(untrue in the present or future)

If + past simple ماضي بسيط, would + infinitive

الحالة الثانية وهي تعبّر عن شيء غير محتمل الحدوث

would + infinitive + if + past simple

1. If I had a lot of money, I would buy a villa. (something unlikely to happen in the future)
2. If we used more oil, the environment would face more damage.
3. Everyone would buy an I-phone if it were cheaper.
4. If I were you, I would see a doctor. للتصحية

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#### 4-Third Conditional ( If ..... )

الحالة الثالثة وهي تعبر عن الاستحالة

- If  $\Rightarrow$  past perfect had+ PP ماضي تام  $\Rightarrow$  would have + P.P
- would have + P.P  $\Rightarrow$  if  $\Rightarrow$  past perfect

وهي تستخدم للتعبير عن الندم على حدوث أو عدم حدوث شيء ما أو الحديث عن شيء بعد حدوثه

- 1- If there had been life on Mars, we would have found it.
- 2- Men wouldn't have walked on the moon if we had stopped space exploration in 1960.
- 3- If I had seen you, I would have talked to you.
- 4- If he had got 98%, he would have joined the faculty of medicine.

1-If you don't exert more effort , you won't achieve your goals.

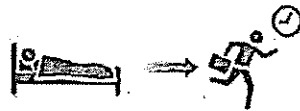
$\Rightarrow$  Unless you exert more effort, you won't achieve your goals.

2-If she doesn't convince the employer, he will fire her.

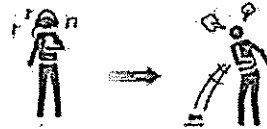
$\Rightarrow$  Unless she convinces the employer, he will fire her

#### FURTHER EXAMPLES

If you don't  
Unless you } get up now, you'll be late for work.



I'll be angry { if he doesn't turn  
unless he turns } that music down.



#### A- From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences :

1. If you improved your English, you.....a job.  
a- will get                      b- get                      c- got                      d- would get
2. It would cost a fortune if you ..... first class.  
a- fly                      b- flew                      c- have flown                      d- are flying
3. If metal gets hot, it .....  
a. expands                      b. expanded                      c. expand                      d. would expand
4. I wouldn't buy a used car if I .....you.  
a- been                      b. be                      c. were                      d. am
5. Ali will get better if he.....healthy food.  
a- eat                      b-ate                      c- eaten                      d- eats
6. If you boil water, it.....into vapour.  
a- turns                      b- turning                      c- turned                      d- turn
7. If my friend didn't lend me some money, I ..... very disappointed.  
a. be                      b. would be                      c. were                      d. would have been
8. We wouldn't have won the match -----we had done our best.  
a. unless                      b. if                      c. on condition                      d. while
9. If he .....well, he would have saved his time and energy.  
a. plans                      b. planned                      c. had planned                      d. plan
- 10..... you exert your greatest efforts, you won't get the grades you dream of.  
a-Unless                      b- When                      c- After                      d- If

**B- Do as shown in brackets :**

1. We'll use our original plan if this project (not work) ..... ( Correct )
2. He eats a sandwich if he (feel)..... hungry. ( correct )
3. I'm not in London. I can't go to Hyde Park. ( If )
4. If you had given me the right directions, ..... (complete)
5. Unless I had been so careful, I wouldn't have avoided the accident. (Use: If)

**Answers: [ Grammar ]**

A	1- d	2-b	3-a	4-c	5-d	6-a	7-b	8-a	9-c	10-a
B	1- doesn't work									
	2-feels									
	3-If I were in London I would visit Hyde Park									
	4-I wouldn't have been lost									
	5- If he had driven carefully, he would have avoided the accident.									

**Adverbs of Manner:** الحال الدال على طريقة أداء الفعل

Adverbs of manner	Examples
<p><u>Most adverbs are formed by adding -ly to an adjective.</u></p> <p>تتكون غالبا بإضافة -ly لصفة</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• careful → carefully,</li> <li>• happy → happily,</li> <li>• easy → easily</li> <li>• polite → politely,</li> <li>• specific → specifically</li> <li>• lucky → luckily</li> </ul>
<p>بعض الصفات تشبه عن القاعدة حيث لا يمكن إضافة -ly</p> <p><i>Good- well    hard- hard    fast -fast    late-late    early -early</i></p>	

**A- From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences :**

1. This is a very important question. Please, think ..... before you answer.  
a- more careful      b- careful      c- carefully      d- careless
2. The child was behaving .....  
a- bad      b- badly      c- worse      d- worst
3. The dog was barking .....  
a- aggressive      b- more aggressive      c- most aggressive      d- aggressively
4. I hate people who talk to others .....  
a- rude      b. rudely      c. rudeness      d. as rude as

**B- Do as shown in brackets :**

- 1- Some irresponsible students push some teachers to behave nervous.(Correct the mistake)
- 2- We should take exercises regular to be fit and healthy. ( Correct the mistake )

**Answers: [ Grammar ]**

A	1- c	2- b	3- d	4- b
B	1- nervously			
	2-regularly			

1- Why do you think "Human Values" are important ? ما هي أهمية القيم الإنسانية ؟

- What do you think is the merit / advantage of identifying universal human rights ?

- They keep peace on earth - نشر السلام في الأرض

- people enjoy equal rights تتمتع الناس بالمساواة

2- Which human values are important in Islam ? ما هي أهم القيم الإنسانية في الإسلام ؟

-They're compassion and empathy - الشفقة والتعاطف -

- They're freedom and respect الحرية والاحترام

- They're tolerance and cooperation التسامح والتعاون

3- How can we express our compassion towards people who are worse off than ourselves?

كيف نظهر الشفقة تجاه من هم أسوأ منا حالا ؟

- we should donate money, food and clothes for them.

تتبرع بالمال ، الطعام ، الملابس

- we should build schools and hospitals for the poor.

يجب أن نبني المدارس والمستشفيات للفقراء

4- In your opinion, what's the true meaning of freedom ?

ما هو المعنى الحقيقي للحرية ؟

-Freedom doesn't mean acting as one wishes all the time .Explain.

- Freedom means we can do what we like without harming others' liberty and rights.

الحرية هي أن نفعل ما نريده بدون إيذاء حريات الناس و حقوقهم -

7- Why is it important for young people to volunteer for humanitarian societies?

لماذا يكون من المهم للشباب أن يلتحقوا بالجمعيات التطوعية؟

-They can play an active role in society

- يلعبوا دور فعال في المجتمع -

- They can help people in hardship

- يستطيعوا مساعدة الناس في الشدائد

8-Why do you think the Foreign Diplomatic Institute was established in Kuwait (aims)?

- It can make friendships with other countries

إنشاء صداقات مع الدول الأخرى

- It can train Kuwait diplomats

تدريب الدبلوماسيين الكويتيين

9-Mention some characteristics of a successful diplomat ( criteria for success as a diplomat) :

ما هي صفات الدبلوماسي الناجح ؟

- Do you think you would be a good diplomat ? Why ?

- He should have confidence and friendliness الثقة في النفس

- He should work hard. العمل الجاد



١- ما أهمية القيم الإنسانية من وجهة نظرك؟  
اعتقد إنها هامة للغاية لأننا نستطيع من خلالها أن نقلل العنف ونوفر مكان آمن لكل مواطن ولكي نضمن حياة سعيدة

٢- أذكر بعض القيم الإنسانية في الإسلام..  
التسامح والوحدة والأمانة والعطف مع الإنسان والحيوان

٣- كيف تحمي حكومة الكويت حقوق الإنسان الأساسية؟  
عن طريق إصدار قوانين لحماية الإنسان من العنف ومعاقبة الناس الذين يتعدون على الحقوق الإنسانية

٤- يجب أن يشجع الإعلام الشباب لكي يشاركوا في العمل التطوعي.  
نعم فكونك متطوعاً في تلك المنظمات يساعدك لقضاء وقتاً بناءً ويزيد من ثقتك بنفسك ويساعد على تكوين شخصية قوية وصدقات جديدة

1- What is the importance of human values from your point of view?

-I think it's very important because we can reduce violence and provide a safe place for every citizen and to ensure a happy life

2- Mention some human values in Islam.

-Tolerance, unity, honesty and compassion towards humans and animals

3- How does the Kuwaiti government protect the basic human rights?

-By passing laws to protect human beings from violence and punish people who violate human rights.

4- The media must encourage teenagers to take part in voluntary work.

-Yes, being a volunteer in these organizations helps you spend constructive time, increases your self-confidence, and helps create a strong personality and new friendships.



تليقرام	انستقرام	واتساب



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**Topic :**

*Volunteering means working with others to make a meaningful contribution to a better community. Unfortunately, getting involved in voluntary work can also be a source of problems.*

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), to highlight the pros and cons of voluntary work.

**Outline**

**I- Introduction:**

Volunteering is highly appreciated and considered great in most societies around the world. But still, some people can find some of its downsides worth considering.

**Body:**

**Paragraph 1: Volunteering has plenty of benefits**

- Offering vital help to people in need
- It generates a huge sense of achievement
- This activity helps volunteers to develop their social skills
- It helps volunteers in their career advancement

**Paragraph 2: Volunteering can affect people negatively:**

- People cannot earn money necessary to survive
- It is in some cases time consuming
- volunteers may experience sadness and anxiety

**Conclusion:**

Volunteer work is a noble thing to do, but it is always right to consider the risks of it before diving into it. After all, your life is worth considering too.



واتساب	انستقرام	تليقرام



## A sample essay

Voluntary work is based on providing help or doing a job without expecting to be paid at all. This activity is highly appreciated and considered great in most societies around the world. But still, it has some drawbacks.

There are a number of benefits for people who are involved in voluntary work. In addition to offering vital help to people in need, doing a voluntary work can greatly benefit the volunteers themselves physically, mentally, socially, or even professionally. Although volunteering can sometimes be hard work, it generates a huge sense of achievement. In addition to this, this activity helps volunteers to develop their social skills by widening their social network. Furthermore, those supporters argue that volunteers can actually gain skills that can help them in their career advancement.

Despite the multiple merits of volunteer activities, there are still some drawbacks. In fact, volunteering can affect people negatively. They cannot earn money necessary to survive. Besides, it is in some cases time consuming. It can cause people to neglect what they need to survive: their schools, families, work, or other areas of life. On a more personal level, volunteers may experience sadness and anxiety when trying to help underprivileged people.

While volunteer work is a noble and admirable thing to do by committing your time to others in your society, it is always right to consider the risks of it before diving into it. After all, your life is worth considering too.

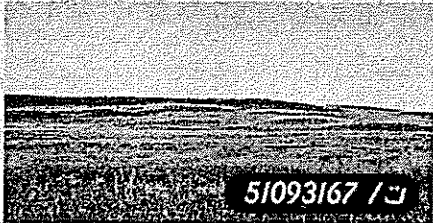


## Module Two : Natural World

### Unit Four: The Earth at Risk

# Desertification

a process by which land becomes increasingly dry until almost no vegetation grows on it - making it a desert



**Causes**

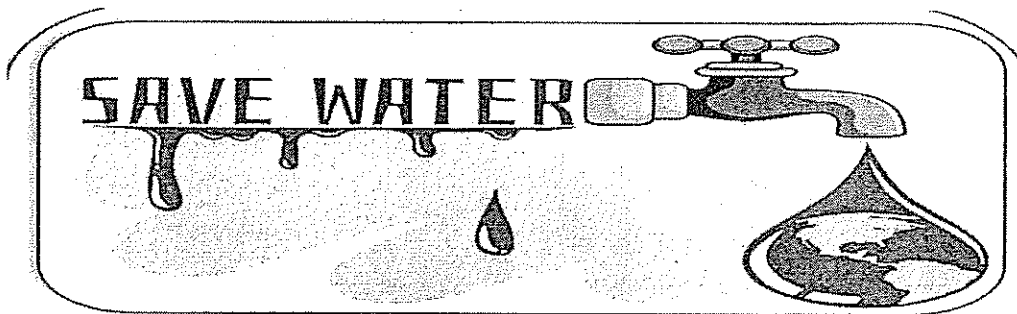
- Overgrazing
- Deforestation
- Overpopulation

**Effects**

- Soil Erosion
- Loss of Soil Nutrients
- Endangered Human and Animal Life

### Causes of Desertification

- Climate variability
- Droughts
- Floods
- Human activities
- Overcultivation
- Overgrazing
- Deforestation
- Poor irrigation practices



### Examples on the good use of water

- Using sprinklers
- Turning off taps when no need for them
- Taking short showers
- Fixing leaking pipes

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## Unit Four: The Earth at Risk

### Vocabulary:

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	Climate	المناح	22	Atmosphere	الغلاف الجوي
2	Desertification	تصحّر	23	Equator	خط الاستواء
3	Erode	يحت / يتآكل	24	Flooding	فيضان
4	Graze	يرعى	25	Forecasting	تنبؤ بحالة الطقس
5	Harsh	قاسي / عنيف	26	Frigid	قارس / بارد جداً
6	Increasingly	بازدياد	27	Humid	رطب
7	Kill off	يهدم / يهزم	28	Misbehave	يسيء التصرف
8	Overcultivate	يفرط بالزراعة	29	Planting	زراعة / الأبتات
9	Permanently	ثابت / دائم	30	Prevailing	سائد / مسيطر
10	Precipitate	يسبب حدوث كذا	31	Reclaim	يستصلح الأرض
11	Proportion	حصّة / نصيب	32	Curtail	يقيّد / يحصر / يخفّض
12	Soil	تربة	33	Hurdle	صعوبة / عائق
13	Treacherous	عشوائي / خطير	34	Implement	يطبق / ينفذ
14	Unproductive	غير منتج / قاحل	35	Intrinsic	أساسي / رئيسي
15	Wash away	يجرف بعيداً	36	Paucity	ندرة / قلة
16	Wildfire	حريق هائل	37	Preservation	حفظ / صون / حماية
17	At the expense of	على حساب كذا	38	Prevail over	ينتصر / يفوز / يتغلب على
18	Devastating	متفاقم / مؤثر جداً	39	Scarcity	ندرة /
19	Logger	الحطاب ( قاطع الأشجار )	40	Spearhead	القوة الضاربة / رأس الحربة
20	Vital	حيوي / مهم / فعال	41	Unwarranted	غير مجاز أو مبرر
21	Arid	قاحل / جاف			

**A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences:**

- A higher .....of Kuwaiti women are now educated and employed.  
a- proportion                      b-forecasting                      c-logger                      d-hurdle
- Hot .....is unsuitable for growing wheat.  
a. wildfire                      c. soil                      e. climate                      d. desertification
- They described their talks as constructive and .....  
a. over cultivated                      b. productive                      c. harsh                      d. treacherous
- Factories and vehicles are leasing increasing amount of toxic gases into the .....  
a. atmosphere                      b. equator                      c. wildfire                      d. climate
- The country lies 5 degrees north of the .....  
a. atmosphere                      b. wildfire                      c. climate                      d. equator
- Despite the quality of goods and the reasonable prices, there a .....of buyers.  
d-forecasting                      a-preservation                      b. paucity                      c. hurdle

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7. Getting rid of the extra weight was the first ..... he had to overcome.  
a-wildfire                      b-forecasting                      c-logger                      d-hurdle
8. We should fight the policies that .....our personal freedom.  
a. implement                      b. preserve                      c. curtail                      d. spearhead
9. Your .....interference in her life might lead to serious problems.  
a. unwarranted                      b. curtailed                      c. intrinsic                      d. implemented
10. Furious MPs .....the campaign against curtailing the freedom of the press.  
a. implemented                      b. preserved                      c. curtailed                      d. spearheaded
11. The bomb had a/an .....impact on the hotel and the surrounding area..  
a. intrinsic                      b. devastating                      c. frigid                      d. treacherous
12. He worked as a/an .....in the jungle for more than twenty years.  
a. logger                      b. spearhead                      c. equator                      d. atmosphere
13. The house was built in the style and design that was ..... in the 1960s.  
a. prevailing                      b. productive                      c. harsh                      d. treacherous
14. Climate,....., irrigation and fertilizers are the main components of agriculture.  
a. desertification                      b. proportion                      c. wildfire                      d. soil
15. Tornadoes, earthquakes and volcanoes are ..... natural calamities.  
a. intrinsic                      b. devastating                      c. frigid                      d. treacherous

**B-Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:**

**treacherous / permanently / precipitate / implement / eroded / washed**

1. Smoking is likely to damage your health.....
2. Experts said the top layer of the soil had been .....because of lack of vegetation.
3. Cutting relationship between the two countries would certainly ..... a political crisis.
4. The rubbish on the pavement had been .....away by the rain.
5. Snow and ice have left many roads ....., and motorists are warned to drive slowly.

**unwarranted / over cultivate / vital / atmosphere / harsh / kill off**

6. Siberia has a very .....climate and the temperature can go below minus 30 degrees.
7. These factories are releasing toxic gases into the .....
8. The excessive use of pesticides will undoubtedly ..... birds, fish and wildlife.
9. People need to be protected against such..... intrusions into their private lives by journalists.
10. Farmers tend to .....their land to meet people' increasing demand for food.

**Answers: [ Vocabulary ]**

<b>A</b>	1-a	2-c	3- b	4- a	5- d	6- b
	7- d	8- c	9- a	10- d	11-b	12-a
	13- a	14-d	15 -b			
<b>B</b>	1- permanently	2- eroded	3- precipitate	4- washed	5- treacherous	
	6- harsh	7- atmosphere	8- kill off	9-unwarranted	10- over cultivate	

Subordinate Clauses of Purpose and Result

## روابط الغرض والنتيجة

Linker: الرابط	المعنى	ما ياتي بعده	أمثلة: Examples
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>because</li> <li>as</li> <li>since</li> </ul>	لأن / بسبب	جملة (فاعل + فعل)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We need to reduce pollution <u>as</u> it harms our health greatly.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>because of</li> <li>due to</li> </ul>	لأن / بسبب	إسم / V+ ing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We couldn't go to school yesterday <u>because of</u> the rain</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(be) the cause of</li> <li>(be) the reason for</li> </ul>	هو سبب	إسم / V+ ing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cutting down trees is <u>the real cause of</u> deforestation.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(be) the result of</li> </ul>	هو نتيجة	إسم / V+ ing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>World peace <u>is the result of</u> respecting other cultures</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>with the result that</li> </ul>	ونتيجة عن ذلك	جملة (فاعل + فعل)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>He behaved badly, <u>with the result that</u> he was dismissed from his job</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to</li> <li>in order to</li> <li>so as to</li> </ul>	حتى / لكي	مصدر الفعل V1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>In order to</u> win, you should play well.</li> <li>We study hard <u>to</u> get higher marks.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>So</li> <li>So that</li> <li>In order that</li> </ul>	لذلك / وبذلك	جملة (فاعل + فعل) المصدر + can/ could + فاعل	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We took a taxi <u>so that</u> we <u>could</u> reach on time</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>lead to</li> </ul>	يؤدي إلى	إسم / V+ ing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hard work <u>leads to</u> success.</li> </ul>

**A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences:**

- .....his father is ill, he will attend the meeting.  
A. Because                      b. Because of                      c. So                      d. Although
- I have an exam tomorrow .....I can't go out .  
a. although                      b. so                      d. because                      d. but
- Our friend was driving too fast.....he had a terrible accident.  
a-because                      b-although                      c- therefore                      d-with the result that
- I study hard .....I can get the full marks.  
a- because                      b- so that                      c- because of                      d- to
- Some people move to greener areas ..... survive .  
a. because                      b. so that                      c. with the result that                      d. to
- We were late from school .....the heavy traffic  
a. because                      b. so that                      c. in order to                      d. because of
- Scientists are trying to produce new fuels ..... people can continue to use their cars without damaging the environment.  
a. so that                      b. lead to                      c. because                      d. in order to

8. .... having very little money , some people feel happy and satisfied  
a. Although                      b. But                      c. In spite of                      d. Since

**Do as shown in brackets.**

1. Sara visited New York so that she could see her colleague. (use: to)

2. I set off so early. I didn't want to miss the train. (Join using: in order to)

3. I took my camera because I wanted to take some photos. (use: so that)

4. Greater pressure on the earth's most precious resource – water is the result of wild fires.  
(use: lead to)

**Answers: / Grammar /**

A	1- d	2-b	3-d	4-b	5-d	6-d	7-a	8.c		
B	1- She visited New York to see her colleague.									
	2-I set off so early in order not to miss the train.									
	3- I took my camera so that I could take some photos									
	4-Wild fires lead to greater pressure on the earth's most precious resource- water.									

**SETBOOK QUESTIONS- Unit 4 أسئلة الكتاب**

1-There are some reasons / activities that have led to desertification. Mention two.

توجد بعض الأسباب التي أدت إلى التصحر . اذكر اثنتين

- When do you think desertification usually occurs?

متى يحدث التصحر؟

- They're harsh climate and luck of rain
- They're human actions and cutting down trees

المناخ القاسي و قلة الأمطار

الأعمال الإنسانية و قطع الأشجار

2- How do human actions lead to desertification ?

كيف أدت الأعمال الإنسانية إلى التصحر؟

- People cut down trees                      قطع الأشجار
- People overcultivate lands                      الزراعة الجائرة

3- How can desertification affect (bad results ) our environment badly ?

كيف تؤثر عملية التصحر على البيئة؟

- What are the bad effects of desertification?

ما هي الآثار السيئة للتصحر؟

- It leads to wildfires and strong winds                      - تؤدي إلى حرائق الغابات والرياح القوية
- It destroys the soil.                      - تدمير التربة
- Some people die and others migrate to greener areas                      - بعض الناس يموتون والبعض الآخر يهاجر

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4. What benefit do humans get from plants?

ما هي فائدة النباتات للإنسان؟

- They take in CO2 and giving O2 - تمتص ثاني أكسيد الكربون وتمدنا بالأكسجين
- They provide food - تمدنا بالطعام.
- They provide medicines - تمدنا بالدواء
- They enrich the soil - تثري التربة

5-From your points of view ,how can we reduce the effects of desertification ?

من وجهة نظرك ، كيف نقلل آثار التصحر؟

- We should stop cutting trees - يجب أن نتوقف عن قطع الأشجار
- farmers shouldn't overcultivate their lands - لا يجب أن المبالغة في زراعة الأرض

6- Suggest ways that can help to change desert areas in Kuwait into green ones.

اقترح بعض الطرق التي يمكن أن تساعد في تغيير المناطق الصحراوية في الكويت إلى مناطق خضراء؟

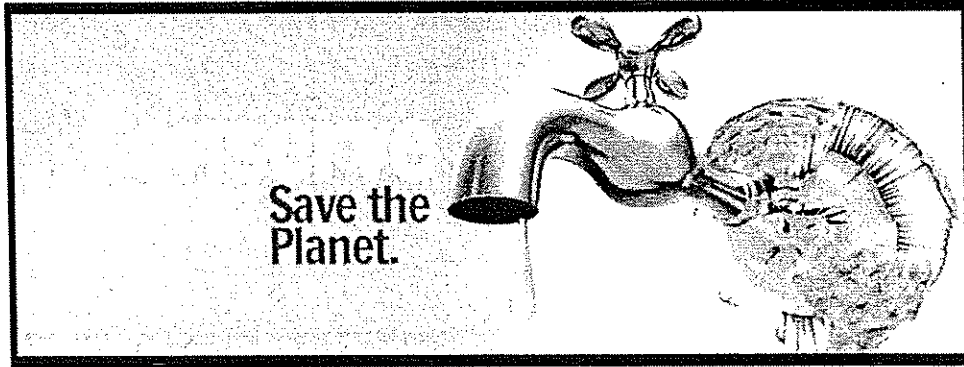
- We can use modern irrigation systems - يمكن أن نستخدم أنظمة ري حديثة
- We can provide farmers with seeds and fertilizers - يجب أن نمد المزارعين بالبذور والسماد

7- To what extent are human beings responsible for the damage done to the planet Earth?

ما مدى مسؤولية الإنسان في التدمير في كوكب الأرض؟

- How is man the cause of many calamities / disasters / affects the environment negatively?

- Man cuts down trees - يقطع الإنسان الأشجار
- Man pollutes the air, land and sea - يلوث الإنسان الهواء والأرض والبحر



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١. ماذا يقصد بالتصحّر

تعني أن تتحول الأرض المثمرة إلى صحراء وبالتالي تتدمر التربة وتكون غير قادرة على زراعة محاصيل أو رعي الحيوانات

٢. تلعب غابات الأمازون المطيرة دوراً حيوياً في التحكم في مناخ العالم

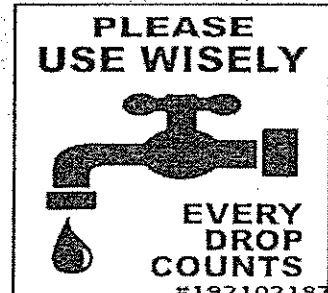
نعم حيث أنها تأخذ ثاني أكسيد الكربون وتحوله إلى هواء نقي كما أنها تزودنا بالطعام.

1- What does desertification mean?

•It means that the fruitful land becomes desert, thus destroying the soil and being unable to grow crops or graze animals

2. The Amazon rainforest plays a vital role in controlling the world's climate

-Yes, it takes carbon dioxide and turns it into fresh air and provides us with food.



**Topic :**

In many parts of the world, water sources are becoming more polluted. What are the consequences of this problem? What can be done to combat it?

*Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the reasons behind this phenomenon and suggest some solutions to deal with this problem.*

## Outline

**Introduction:**

In many countries, the growth of industrial and household waste and the slow progress in developing recycling technology has led to increasing water pollution. Water pollution can have negative impacts upon people's health, natural habits and tourism industry. In this essay, I will also highlight some of the possible solutions for this problem.

**Body :****Paragraph 1 : The negative impacts of water pollution:**

- Possible health risks
- Water scarcity
- Damage natural habitats, endanger animals and plants
- Hurt tourism industry

**Paragraph 2 : Possible solutions for this problem**

- Awareness campaigns
- Adopting appropriate waste management policies
- Active participation of the local people

**Conclusion:**

In conclusion, water pollution is endangering the health of people and natural environment. So, it is the responsibility of every citizen to combat this threat .  
The sooner we start doing something the better.

## A sample Essay

In many countries, the growth of industrial and household waste and the slow progress in developing recycling technology has led to increasing water pollution. Water pollution can have negative impacts upon people's health, natural habits and tourism industry. In this essay, I will also highlight some of the possible solutions for this problem.

Water pollution affects the quality of life in many ways. The first and foremost effect of water pollution is water scarcity. The polluted water is highly unfit for the use of humans and will need processing. Besides, as water is an important element of human health, polluted water directly affects the human body. In fact, water pollution causes various diseases like typhoid, cholera and cancer. Furthermore, the problem of water pollution damages natural habitats and put the life of plants and animals that depend on water sources for food at risk leading to a rise in biological imbalance. In addition to this, lakes and seas can be tourist attractions, therefore, if water pollution continues to happen, tourism industry in many places can be hurt, which leads to detrimental effects on local economy.

Dealing with the problem of water pollution is something that everyone - governments and individuals need to get involved in. Making people aware of the problem is the first step to solving it. Movies and advertisements can play an important role in educating the people about the hazards of water pollution and ways to prevent it. Another critical step to prevent water pollution is to adopt appropriate waste management policies. To achieve this goal, governments should introduce tough regulations on factories. Active participation of the local people should go hand in hand with the laws and regulations implemented governments to solve this problem.

In conclusion, water pollution is endangering the health of people and natural environment. So, it is the responsibility of every citizen to combat this threat. The sooner we start doing something the better.

**Desertification has many bad effects. Explain.**

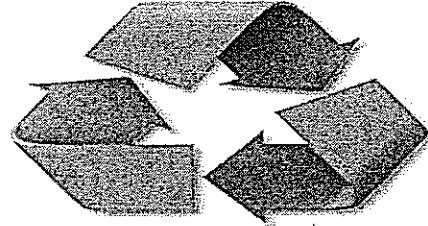


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## Module Two : Natural World

### Unit Five : Precious resources



## Recycling

### Why?

WHAT?

Processing objects to be used again

To save energy,  
water and forests.

BENEFITS

### What Can Be Recycled?

Reducing pollution  
Saving precious

#### RECYCLE



Glass



Paper



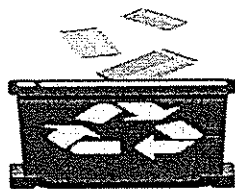
Plastic Containers



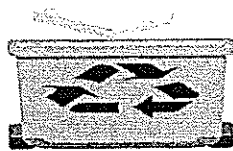
Bottles / Cans



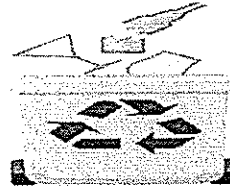
Cardboard



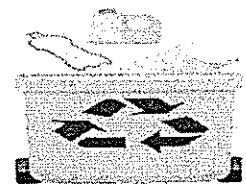
METAL



PAPER



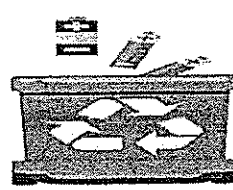
GLASS



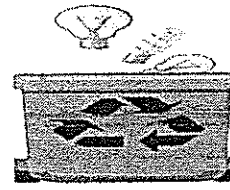
PLASTIC



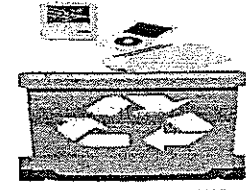
ORGANIC



BATTERIES



LIGHT BULBS



E-WASTE

## Unit Five : Precious resources

### Vocabulary:

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	Collection points	نقاط جمع القمامة	21	Keep up with	يماشى / يواكب
2	Concur	يتوافق بالرأي	22	Packaging	التغليف / التعليب
3	Crisis	أزمة / قضية	23	Paperwork	أعمال ورقية / روتينية
4	Machinery	مكننة	24	Put up with	يصبر على
5	Offence	إساءة / إهانة / خرق للقانون	25	Red tape	شريط ختم الرسائل الحكومية
6	Pass a law	يسن / يمرر قانون	26	Run out of	ينفذ / ينتضي / ينتهي
7	Prohibitively	مبالغ في الثمن	27	Component	عنصر / مكون
8	Reprocess	يعيد المعالجة	28	Compost	ينتج سماد
9	Administration	إدارة	29	Constant	ثابت / سريع
10	Annoyance	إزعاج	30	Constituent	أحد المكونات
11	Bureaucracy	بيروقراطية	31	Duration	دوام / استمرار
12	Come up against	يواجه	32	Heartening	ملهم / مشجع
13	Criticism	نقد	33	Household waste	زباله / مخلفات منزلية
14	Cut down on	يقلل / يخفض	34	Incineration	حرق المخلفات
15	Get rid of	يتخلص من	35	Material	مادة
16	Go along with	يتفق مع / يتوافق مع	36	Quantity	كمية
17	Incinerator	جهاز حرق المخلفات	37	Trend	موجة
18	irritation	قلق / توتر	38	Upsurge	زيادة / ارتفاع سريع و مفاجئ

لاحظ التعبيرات الآتية :

Run out of	ينفذ
Go along with	يجاري
Keep up with	يواكب
Get rid of	يتخلص من
Put up with	يتحمل
Cut down on	يقلل
Com up against	يواجهه
Look forward to	يتطلع الي



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لاحظ التعبيرات الاتية مع الألوان :

Red tape	روتين حكومي
To see red	يفضب
To catch someone red handed	يمسك شخص متلبس بجريمة
Give someone the green light	يعطي اذن
Get the green light	يحصل علي اذن
To put someone in the black list	يضع شخص علي قائمة المجرمين
In black and white	مطبوع بوضوح
To appear or happen out of blue	يصل او يظهر فجأة
With flying colours	يجتاز اختبار بامتياز

A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences

- The building.....suit the area and the prices are within the reach of the majority.  
a. material      b. upsurge      c. incineration      d. duration
- The members of the parliament are doing their best to ..... to prevent illegal hunting.  
a-pass a law      b-reprocess      c- concur      d-resolve
- Heavy traffic is a constant source of .....
- a. paperwork      b. red tape      c. administration      d. irritation
- If you have any constructive.....of the project, I'd be glad to hear it.  
a- irritation      b- criticism      c- incinerator      d- annoyance
- The doctor advised her to.....the amount of saturated fats in her diet.  
a- get rid of      b-keep up with      c- put up with      d- cut down on
- Fresh fruit and vegetables are an essential .....of healthy diet.  
a. duration      b. material      c. upsurge      d. component
- Some healthcare workers spend more time doing ..... than taking care of patients.  
a. irritation      b. annoyance      c. paperwork      d. packaging
- I really didn't mean to cause any.....I was just stating my opinion.  
a- annoyance      b- paperwork      c- red tape      d- administration
- The sooner we .....our garbage, the better for our environment.  
a-keep up with      b- put up with      c-run out      d-get rid of
- It's well-known that taking the antibiotics will shorten the .....of the illness.  
a. component      b. duration      c. quantity      d. trend
- Supply of the goods is failing to..... demand.  
a-get rid of      b-go along with      c-keep up with      d-run out
- We should cooperate to.....on consumption  
a-cut down      b-keep up with      c- put up with      d-get rid of
- A homework should be suitable for students in .....and quality  
a-material      b-quantity      c- component      d-upsurge
- His illness makes life a ..... struggle for him and his parents.  
a- constant      b- heartening      c- intrinsic      d- frigid
- If a large can is available, use it as a/an .....
- a. duration      b. incinerator      c. upsurge      d. component

**B-Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:**

**heartening - partnership- prohibitively- concur - constant - upsurge**

- 1- In some countries water is not distilled because it is..... expensive.
- 2- An ..... in violence in the district has been linked to increased unemployment
- 3- It was .....to see young people trying hard to implement their ambitions.
- 4- There were..... interruptions. Therefore, we could not finish the work.
- 5- We want to strengthen the .....between our two nations.
- 6-

**crisis - put up with- constant - run out of - collection points – trend**

- 7- Unfortunately, they .....petrol some miles from their destination.
- 8- During the oil....., American companies began producing smaller cars
- 9- The government takes all the wastes of glass and paper to special .....
- 10- The ..... at the moment is towards amore natural organic and less genetically modified food.
- 10-I must talk to my neighbours. I cannot .....the noise they make all day long.

**Answers: [ Vocabulary ]**

<b>A</b>	1-a	2-a	3-d	4-b	5-d	6-d
	7-c	8-b	9-d	10-b	11-c	12 -a
	13-b	14-a	15-b			
<b>B</b>	1- prohibitively	2- upsurge	3- heartening	4- constant	5- partnership	
	6- run out of	7- crisis	8- collection points	9- trend	10- put up with	



واتساب	انستقرام	تليقرام



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WishA-Wish + past simple:

We use wish + the past simple tense of the verb to express that we want a situation in the present (or future) to be different.

تستخدم للتعبير عن التمني والرغبة في تغير الموقف الحالي أو المستقبلي ولكن هناك استحالة في حدوث الشيء الآن لذلك نستخدم صيغة الماضي . ولكن في حقيقة الامر لم يحدث أي شيء في الماضي ولذلك يسمى ماضي غير حقيقي

- 1- I wish I spoke Italian. (I don't speak Italian.)
- 2- I wish I had a big car. (I don't have a big car.)

**EXERCISE** "WISH" AND PAST SIMPLE

"Wish" is used with the past simple to express regrets and desires about the present, which could still happen or come true.

I wish I earned more money.

The past simple is used here to talk about the present.

B-Wish + past perfect:

We use wish + the past perfect tense of the verb to express a regret, or that we want a situation in the past to be different. تستخدم للتعبير عن الندم على حدوث أو عدم حدوث شيء في الماضي .

- 1- I wish I hadn't eaten so much. (I ate a lot.)
- 2- I wish they'd come on holiday with us. (They didn't come on holiday with us.)

**EXERCISE** "WISH" AND PAST PERFECT

"Wish" is used with the past perfect to talk about regrets about the past. This form is used when it is too late for the wish to come true.

I've failed my exams. I wish I had studied harder.

The past perfect is used to talk about a regret in the past.

C -Wish + Would + infinitive : (مصدر الفعل)

Making complaints about other people's behaviour:

تستخدم في حالة الشكوى من سلوك وتصرفات الآخرين

- I wish you would stop annoying me
- I wish you wouldn't do that again.
- I wish my brother would get up earlier.

**A-From a, b, c & d choose the correct word that best completes each of the following sentences**

1. I wish I ..... ten years younger.  
 a. am                                      b. is                                      c. are                                      d. were
2. I wish she ..... the invitation of last night's party.  
 a. decline                                      b. have declined                                      c. don't decline                                      d. hadn't declined
3. I wish my brother ..... getting at me.  
 a. stops                                      b. will stop                                      c. would stop                                      d. hadn't stopped
4. I wish I ..... all my money last week.  
 a. spend                                      b. will spend                                      c. would spent                                      d. hadn't spent
5. I couldn't read the newspaper. I wished I ..... my glasses with me.  
 a. Have                                      b. will have                                      c. would have                                      d. had had
6. I want to concentrate on my work. I wish you..... noise.  
 a- have made                                      b- would make                                      c- wouldn't make                                      d- had made
7. It was such a long trip. I wish I.....more money.  
 a-take                                      b- have taken                                      c-had taken                                      d- will take
8. I wish I ..... carefully. The accident would not have happened.  
 a- drive                                      b- had driven                                      c- drove                                      d- drives
9. I wish you ..... do that. You're a well-behaved gentleman. It's a shame.  
 a- would                                      b. will                                      c- hadn't                                      d- wouldn't

**B) Do as shown in brackets:**

1. The driver forgot to fasten the seat belt. (Complete)  
 I wish he .....
2. My brother did not forgive me for breaking the vase. (Complete)  
 I wish .....
3. My brother will travel to the USA tomorrow. (Complete)  
 I wish .....
4. I was late to school yesterday. I wish I woke up early. (correct the mistake)  
 .....
5. You have just painted the door red. Now you decide that it doesn't look very nice.  
 I wish .....
6. You are walking in the country .You would like to take some photographs but you didn't bring your camera.  
 I wish .....

**Answers: [ Grammar ]**

A	1- d	2-d	3-c	4-d	5-d	6-c	7-c	8.b	9. d	
B	1- I wish he hadn't forgotten his seat belt.									
	2-I my brother had forgiven me for breaking the vase.									
	3- I wish I could travel with him.									
	4-had woken up early									
	5-I wish you had told me about the colour you like before I started painting.									
	6- I wish I had brought my camera.									

## أسئلة الكتاب Unit 5 SETBOOK QUESTIONS-

1. Suggest some ways to get rid of waste .

اذكر بعض الطرق للتخلص من النفايات

- They're recycling , burning and burying

إعادة التدوير، الحرق والدفن

2. Why do you think recycling is becoming a very important issue for many people today?

لماذا أصبحت إعادة التدوير موضوع مهم جدا للناس اليوم؟

- What makes waste management a worldwide issue?

- We can get rid of waste

- نتخلص من المخلفات

- Earth is running out of resources

الأرض تستنفذ مصادرها .

- burning waste leads to pollution

حرق النفايات يؤدي إلى التلوث

- We are running out of landfill sites

تستنفذ أماكن دفن النفايات

3. Kuwait's great interest in recycling waste, including paper is obvious. Explain.

اهتمام الكويت الكبير بإعادة تدوير المخلفات ، ومنها الورق .. واضح .. اشرح

- It builds recycling centers

- تبني مراكز إعادة تدوير

- It recycles household waste

تعيد تدوير المخلفات المنزلية .

4. How can we get rid of / reduce / overcome the problem of waste production ?

كيف يمكننا التخلص من / تقليل / تجاوز مشكلة التلوث؟

- We can increase recycling

نزيد إعادة التدوير

- We can cut down on packaging

نخفض من التعبئة والتغليف

5. From your point of view ,how can we keep ecology in balance?

من وجهة نظرك ، كيف نحافظ على توازن البيئة؟

- If the environment could speak, what do you think it would tell us?

لو تحدثت البيئة ، ماذا ستقول؟

- We should care for the environment

- يجب أن نهتم بالبيئة

- We should save endangered species

يجب أن نحافظ على السلالات المهددة بالانقراض

6. Why has paper recycling become an issue of utmost importance nowadays?

تدوير الورق أصبح مسألة مهمة جدا هذه الأيام - لماذا؟

- What are the benefits of recycling paper?

ما هي فوائد تدوير الأوراق؟ -

- In your opinion, how can recycling help save the environment?

في رأيك ، كيف تساعدنا عملية إعادة التدوير في الحفاظ على البيئة؟

- It saves energy and water

- توفر الطاقة و الماء

- It saves raw materials

توفر المواد الأولية ( الخام)

- It reduces pollution

- يقلل التلوث

- We can get rid of waste

نتخلص من المخلفات

١. تمنحنا إعادة استخدام المخلفات المنزلية بيئة نظيفة كما أنه يساعد بعض الشركات على تحقيق الأرباح .

٢. هناك طرق مختلفة للتخلص من المخلفات إما بحرقها ، أو دفنها أو إعادة تدويرها .

٣. علي : كيف نحث الناس على معالجة المخلفات؟

أحمد : أعتقد انه لا بد من سن القوانين التي تعتبر القاء القمامه مخالفة تستحق العقاب.

٤. رغم أن زيادة عملية إعادة تدوير النفايات مشجعة ، إلا أنها تكشف أيضا عن ضخامة ما يجب عمله .

٥. هناك عدة طرق للتخلص من النفايات اما بحرقها أو دفنها أو إعادة تدويرها .

- اعتقد ان إعادة تدوير النفايات المنزلية أفضل طريقة لأن لها عدة منافع .

1. *The reuse of household waste gives us a clean environment and helps some companies make profits.*

2. *There are different ways to dispose of waste by either burning it, burying it or recycling it.*

3. *Ali: How do we urge people to treat waste?*

*Ahmed: I think that laws should be enacted considering throwing garbage a violation that deserve punishment.*

4. *Although the increase of waste recycling is encouraging, it also reveals the importance of what needs to be done.*

5. *There are several ways to dispose of waste either by burning, burying or recycling it.*

*- I think recycling household waste is the best way to get several benefits.*



**Topic :** *In many countries, people do not recycle their rubbish as much as they could.*

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing why some people are not involved in the recycling process and suggest some solutions to deal with this situation.

### Outline :

#### Introduction:

It is quite significant to recycle the waste products in an eco- friendly manner, yet many countries fail to do so. There are several reasons why people do not focus on recycling . In this essay, I will also highlight some of the possible solutions for this problem.

#### Body:

**Paragraph 1: Reasons why people do not recycle their rubbish:**

- Lack of awareness of the importance of recycling
- Recycling is time consuming
- Lack of motivations

**Paragraph 2: Solutions:**

- Educating people about the significance of recycling
- Providing incentives
- The role of the governments

#### Conclusion:

In conclusion, it can be said that with the increasing population all over the world , natural resources are being used up and landfill sites are being filled at an increasing rate. So, waste management is an important process and every country should try to maximize the recycling of rubbish.



## A sample essay

It is quite significant to recycle the waste products in an eco- friendly manner, yet many countries fail to do so. There are several reasons why people do not focus on recycling . In this essay, I will also highlight some of the possible solutions for this problem.

There are a number of reasons why people do not recycle their rubbish. First of all, most people do not understand the need and importance of recycling. They are ignorant of the process of recycling. Moreover, most people are so busy in their own lives that they do not have the time to act responsibly and take care of such things. Furthermore,, in many countries even the governments do not motivate their citizens to take part in the recycling process

To combat the above problem, lots of steps can be taken. Government should try and create forums where people can be educated about the significance of recycling. A chapter related to this topic should be included in the school curriculum so that citizens become responsible at an early age. Governments can also start some programmes so that the rubbish can be recycled at a larger scale and the environment is made clean. They should provide incentives and awards to improve recycling behaviour among citizens.

In conclusion, it can be said that with the increasing population all over the world , natural resources are being used up and landfill sites are being filled at an increasing rate. So, waste management is an important process and every country should try to maximize the recycling of rubbish.

التلخيص

## Summary Making

**Examples:****Passage 1:** Read the following passage carefully, then do as required:

We all have different hopes in life. Everybody wants to achieve something. In order to achieve your goal, you need to follow some steps. You need to have a clear picture of what you want to achieve. Only if you are 100% sure of what you want, you will be able to achieve it. You have to focus on your goal. You can never gain without pain. The most important thing to keep you confined to your goal is to keep yourself motivated. Write down the small obstacles that have to be crossed. Reward yourself when you have crossed your obstacle. It is important to enjoy the fruits of achieving your goal. Don't forget that success is to get up when you fall and try again more intelligently. Always remind yourself that failure is not an option. It is just a temporary setback.

In **FOUR** sentences, summarise and paraphrase the previous passage in answer to the following question:

**What are the steps you need to follow to achieve your goals?**

*I need to have a clear picture of what I want to achieve. Secondly, I have to focus on my goal. Thirdly, I need to keep myself motivated. Finally, I shouldn't forget that success is to get up when I fall and try again more intelligently.*

**Passage 2** Read the following passage, then do as required:

Illegal immigration is a big problem for some countries. To prevent it, certain measurements can be applied. Creating more job opportunities in the immigrants' home countries is a good way. If migrants can find jobs at home they will have no reason to immigrate. Also people need to be warned against illegal immigration before they leave their home countries. If more people are aware about the risks, maybe fewer will break the law. Setting penalties to illegal immigration is also important. The immigrants, though, are not the only ones who need to be punished. Smugglers, who transport immigrants into a country illegally need to be punished too. Finally, provide a way for immigrants to return to their home countries. To apply this solution, governments could establish phone numbers where immigrants can call for help in returning to their countries.

In a paragraph of **FOUR** sentences **ONLY**, summarise and paraphrase the previous passage in an answer to the following question:

**What can governments do to prevent illegal migration?**

*Governments can help each other to create job opportunities in home countries. They can also raise people's awareness of illegal immigration dangers and penalties. Forcing laws against illegal migrants and smugglers is a very good way to decrease the problem. Lastly, helping migrants to get back safe to their countries might also help*

**Adding additional information to support a point :**

إعطاء المزيد من المعلومات

In other words / To put it another way / That is to say/ Moreover / What's more / furthermore / first, second, third / in the same way /Not only... but also / Not to mention / to say nothing of in the first place/ as a matter of fact / in addition / in the light of / Another key thing to remember

**Words and phrases for demonstrating contrast** التناقض

However / On the other hand / Yet/ In contrast / in comparison with / on the contrary / Nevertheless / although this may be true / in spite of/ despite / whereas unlike

**Giving examples/ Support / Emphasis** إعطاء أمثلة

For instance / To give an illustration / for example / in this case / that is to say first thing to remember / by all means / important to realize /another key point /like with this in mind /on the positive side / on the negative side

**Conclusion / Summary / Restatement** الختام

In conclusion / Above /after all / by and large/ generally speaking / all in all Ultimately /as shown above / in summary / in short / in brief / to summarize to sum up / All in all, it is now clear that

**□ □ Useful Expressions to be used in language functions** وظائف لغوية

**1.Expressing Opinions :** الرأي

□ In my opinion, ... □ From my point of view ,...□ I think / believe ... because .....

**2.Expressing Agreement :** الموافقة

□ In my opinion, this is right because □ I think / believe it's a good idea because .....

□ I agree with you because... □ I couldn't agree more.

**3.Expressing Disagreement :** عدم الموافقة

□ In my opinion, this is wrong because □ I think / believe it's not a bad idea because .....

□ I don't agree with you because... □ I disagree with you because .....

**4.Giving Warnings :** التحذير

□ I'm warning you. This is very dangerous . □ If you don't ....., ..... will happen

□ Please don't do that again. Be careful next time .

**4.Predicting** التنبؤ

□ I expect that ... □ I predict / think that ... □ It's possibly / probably ...

**٥-Giving Advice:** تقديم النصيحة

□ I advise you to...□ You'd better ...□ You should ...□ If I were you , I'd... □

**٦-Making Suggestions:** الاقتراح

□ I suggestion that we should ...□ Why not ...?□ How about ( verb + ing) .....? □ What about ( Verb+ ing ) .....? □ Let's ... □ Why don't we ....? □ We could...

**٧-Persuading** الاقناع

□ Just this time, please. This will change my life! □ Have you considered everything? □ Won't you let me ...? Please consider this. □ I will be very grateful if you.....

## تصريف الأفعال الشاذة

## Irregular verbs

	infinitive	Past	P.P.	المعنى
1	Read	read	read	يقرأ
2	Put	Put	Put	يضع
3	Hit	hit	Hit	يضرب
4	Hurt	hurt	hurt	يؤذى
5	Cost	Cost	Cost	يكلف
6	Split	split	split	يمزق
7	Drink	drank	drunk	يشرب
8	Swim	swam	swum	يسبح
9	Sing	sang	sung	يغني
10	Ring	rang	rung	يتصل برن
11	Sink	sank	sunk	يغطس
12	Spring	sprang	sprung	ينبتق - يثبت
13	Begin	began	begun	يبدأ
14	Wear	wore	worn	يلبس
15	Tear	tore	Torn	يمزق
16	Deal	dealt	dealt	يعامل
17	Lose	lost	Lost	يضيع
18	Get	got	got	ينال
19	Leave	left	left	يترك
20	Feel	felt	felt	يشعر
21	Keep	kept	kept	يحتفظ
22	Sleep	slept	slept	ينام
23	shoot	shot	shot	يطلق الرصاص
24	Sit	sat	sat	يجلس
25	Meet	met	met	يقابل
26	Eat	ate	eaten	ياكل
27	Take	took	taken	ياخذ
28	forget	forgot	forgotten	ينسى
29	Fall	fell	fallen	يسقط
30	choose	chose	chosen	يختار
31	Grow	grew	grown	يزرع
32	Know	knew	known	يعرف
33	Fly	flew	flown	يطير
34	Go	went	gone	يذهب

## Irregular verbs

	infinitive	Past	P.P.	المعنى
1	Build	built	built	يبني
2	Send	sent	sent	يُرسل
3	Lend	lent	lent	يُقرض
4	Spend	spent	spent	يقضي يُنفق
5	Bend	bent	bent	يثني
6	Become	became	become	يصبح
7	Overcome	overcame	overcome	يهزم
8	Come	came	come	يأتي
9	Run	ran	run	يركض
10	Buy	bought	bought	يشترى
11	Fight	fought	fought	يحارب
12	Bring	brought	brought	يجلب
13	Think	thought	thought	يعتقد
14	Seek	sought	sought	يُتشد
15	Teach	taught	taught	يدرس
16	Catch	caught	caught	يصطاد
17	Hear	heard	heard	يسمع
18	Lead	led	led	يُرشد
19	Bleed	bled	bled	يتزف
20	Say	said	said	يقول
21	Pay	paid	paid	يدفع
22	Hold	held	held	يُمسك بـ
23	Tell	told	told	يُخبر
24	Sell	sold	sold	يبيع
25	Stand	stood	stood	يقف
26	Find	found	found	يجد
27	Make	made	made	يصنع
28	Speak	spoke	spoken	يتكلم
29	Break	broke	broken	يكسر
30	Steal	stole	stolen	يسرق
31	Write	wrote	written	يكتب
32	See	saw	seen	يرى
33	Give	gave	given	يعطي
34	Ride	rode	ridden	يركب